# 1997-98 Louisiana Progress Profiles District Composite Report

# St. Bernard Parish

Published March 1999

Prepared by the Louisiana Department of Education Office of Management and Finance Division of Planning, Analysis, and Information Resources

# Louisiana State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education

Ms. Glenny Lee Buquet Mr. Clifford Baker Mr. Keith Johnson

\*President Vice-President Secretary-Treasurer\*

3<sup>rd</sup> BESE District 8<sup>th</sup> BESE District 2<sup>nd</sup> BESE District

Ms. Donna Contois Mr. Walter Lee 1<sup>st</sup> BESE District 4<sup>th</sup> BESE District

Dr. James Stafford Dr. Richard Musemeche 5<sup>th</sup> BESE District 6<sup>th</sup> BESE District

Dr. John A. Bertrand Mr. Gerald Dill 7<sup>th</sup> BESE District Member-at-Large

Ms. Leslie Jacobs Mr. Paul G. Pastorek Member-at-Large Member-at-Large

Ms. Weegie Peabody *Executive Director* 

This public document is published at a total cost of \$19,142; 2,780 copies of this public document were published in the first printing at a cost of \$19,142. The total cost of all printings of this document, including reprints, is \$19,142. This document was published by the Louisiana Department of Education, Post Office Box 94064, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9064 to aid in the interpretation of *School Profiles* under authority of R.S. 17:21. This material was printed in accordance with the standards for printing by state agencies established pursuant to R.S. 43:31.

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**



# Louisiana Department of Education

P.O. Box 94064 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9064

Cecil J. Picard State Superintendent of Education

Introduction	i
Part 1. District Summary Parish Socioeconomic And Demographic Overview District Financial Overview	
Part 2. School Characteristics Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher Class Size Characteristics	
Part 3. Student Participation Student Attendance	3-7
Part 4. Student Achievement Reading Level Evaluation Results Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results	4-7
Part 5. College Readiness American College Test (ACT) Results First-Time Freshmen Performance	
Glossary	

### **KEY TO TABLES**

Table 1: Schools in St. Bernard Parish	2-1
Table 2: Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher	2-6
Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics - Elementary Schools	2-9
Table 3b: Class Size Characteristics - Middle/Jr. High Schools	2-11
Table 3c: Class Size Characteristics - High Schools	2-12
Table 4a: Percent of Student Attendance - Elementary Schools	3-3
Table 4b: Percent of Student Attendance - Middle/Jr. High Schools	3-4
Table 4c: Percent of Student Attendance - High Schools	3-5
Table 5: Student Dropouts	3-9
Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled - Elementary Schools	3-13
Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled - Middle/Jr. High Schools	3-16
Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled - High Schools	3-18
Table 7a: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 2	4-3
Table 7b: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 3	4-5
Table 8a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3	4-8
Table 8b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5	4-10
Table 8c: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 7	4-12
Table 8d: Graduate Exit Examination (GEE) Results	4-13
Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4	4-17
Table 9b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6	4-20
Table 9c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8	4-22
Table 9d: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 9	4-24
Table 9e: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10	4-26
Table 9f: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11	4-28
Table 10: American College Test (ACT) Results	5-2
Table 11: First-time College Freshmen Performance	5-5

The passage of the Children First Act in 1988 ushered in a new generation of analysis and research about the overall quality and condition of education in Louisiana. As the national reform of education continues to evolve, Louisiana is steadfast in its commitment to quality education and school accountability.

Progress Profiles (School Report Cards, District Composite Reports, and the State Report) provide information about schools to parents and the general public, provide a basis for educational planning, and increase educational accountability at all levels. By providing policy makers, parents, and other interested citizens valuable information on the inputs, processes, and outcomes of public education, these documents also offer a valuable resource for advancing school improvement.

The Progress Profiles Program, which is administered by the Louisiana Department of Education (LDE), Office of Management and Finance, Division of Planning, Analysis and Information Resources, was founded on the premise that educational improvement is most successful when parents, school staff, and policy makers have access to accurate information on a wide range of factors believed to influence student learning. The indicators included in the *Progress Profiles* were carefully selected because they:

- have been demonstrated through school effectiveness research to be related to student learning;
- represent key features of schooling that can be influenced by parents, school staff, and policy makers, and thus are useful for school improvement purposes; and
- yield the maximum amount of accurate and essential information possible without posing undue reporting burdens at either the school or district level.

To offer the most comprehensive overview possible and serve the specific needs of varied audiences, three levels of reporting are provided.

- 1. *School Report Cards* are tailored to the needs of parents and the general public. For 1997-98, *School Report Cards* were produced for **1,414 of 1,445** public elementary, middle/junior high, high, and combination schools statewide.
- 2. District Composite Reports are produced for all 66 Louisiana public school districts. The most detailed and comprehensive of the three levels of reporting, these reports offer local and state-level policy makers longitudinal data.
- 3. The *Louisiana Progress Profiles State Report* is best suited to the needs of the general reader because it provides a succinct overview of the major characteristics of Louisiana education based on *School Report Card* findings.

"Any effort to improve schools must be designed to meet the goal of creating an active, thinking curriculum in specific disciplines, and success should be judged by whether increasing numbers of students reach agreed-upon performance standards."

-Bill Honig

Phi Delta Kappan, June 1994

### Purpose of the District Composite Report

The purpose of the *District Composite Report* is to provide information relevant to the condition of education in Louisiana. This report provides detailed longitudinal information on various indicators as well as analysis of data where feasible. It serves as an effective tool to aid policy makers and district administrators in identifying opportunities for school improvement.

### **Organization of this Report**

The summary tables following this introduction offer district-level information for all indicators. In addition to quick-reference tables at the front of this report, district socioeconomic and demographic data are provided to aid readers. Financial information is included to give a more complete picture of Louisiana school districts.

The remainder of the report is organized into five parts, each encompassing a series of related educational indicators.

- Part 1. District Summary. School performance is influenced by community socioeconomic characteristics and by the level of local financial support for public education. Part 1 therefore presents parish (as opposed to district) demographic and socioeconomic indicators ranging from household income distribution and teen pregnancy rate to district revenue, expenditures, and average teacher salaries. District summary tables of all *Profile* indicators also are provided in Part 1.
- Part 2. School Characteristics. The context within which students are educated and the level of educational resources available to them impact learning. Part 2 focuses on key educational "inputs" and resources at the school level, i.e., the size of the student body and faculty, the school's category (e.g., elementary schools, middle schools, etc.), class sizes, and the academic preparation of faculty.
- Part 3. Student Participation. For students to receive an education, they must first have the opportunity to learn; thus, the extent to which students are present and actively engaged in schooling is of vital importance (Oakes, 1989). Part 3 presents

- three indicators that provide some measure of student participation: attendance, suspensions/expulsions, and dropouts.
- Part 4. Student Achievement. Part 4 reports three types of school-level outputs: student performance on 1) reading level evaluation results for grades 2 and 3, which assess students' ability to read and comprehend on grade level, 2) criterionreferenced tests (CRTs), which measure students' performance on state-prescribed curricula, and 3) norm-referenced tests (NRTs), which indicate how Louisiana students compare with other students nationally. The Reading Level Evaluation Results reported on the School Report Cards are based on the assessment conducted on second and third grade students by their teachers at each profile school. The CRT results reported on the School Report Cards are based on student performance on Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) tests administered at the third, fifth, and seventh grade levels and on the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), which is administered in grades 10 and 11. The NRT results, which are also part of LEAP, reflect student performance utilizing two tests: 1) The Iowa Tests of Basic Skills (ITBS) which is administered for grades 4, 6, and 8, and 2) The Iowa Tests of Educational Development (ITED) which is administered for grades 9, 10, and 11.
- Part 5. College Readiness. One goal of elementary-secondary schooling is to ensure that those students seeking an advanced education are adequately prepared for college. The School Report Cards present two indicators of college readiness:

  1) student performance on the American College Test (ACT), a national test commonly used for college placement purposes, and 2) the percentage of high school graduates who take remedial courses as first-time college freshmen.

A brief narrative, organized as follows introduces each indicator presented in this report:

 an introduction to the indicator and its significance in the study and/or promotion of student learning;

- a description of how data are organized in the accompanying table(s);
- a description of how data appear in the School Report Cards:
- definitions of key terms, where applicable;
- formulas/equations used to calculate statistics, where applicable; and
- the source(s) of the data presented.

A glossary at the end of this report provides operational definitions for key terms.

### **School Categorization**

The mission, organizational structure, and outcomes of schooling vary depending on the level of instruction (i.e., elementary, middle, etc.) (Levine & Lezotte, 1990). In recognition of this, the Profiles Program began in 1993-94 to group schools into four reporting categories based on level of schooling: elementary, middle/junior high, high, and combination (i.e., K-12).

Category comparison statistics are presented by district and for the state as a whole for those indicators that are not reported by grade level; these include class size, attendance, suspension, and expulsion. This homogeneous grouping of schools by level of instruction fosters probably the fairest comparisons; however, district and statewide comparison statistics also are provided.

<u>Note:</u> Category comparison statistics are provided for only those indicators that are reported at the school level. There are no category statistics for the testing and dropout indicators, which are reported by grade level and therefore have even greater comparability than those performance data that are reported by category.

All schools receiving 1997-98 School Report Cards are placed into one of four categories:

- *elementary*—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-8 range, excludes grades in the 9-12 range, and does not fit the definition for middle/junior high.
- *middle/junior high*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 4-9 range, includes grades 7 or 8, and excludes grades in the K-3 and 10-12 ranges.
- *high*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 6-12 range and includes grades in the 10-12 range, or any school that contains only grade 9.
- *combination*—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-12 range and is not described by any of the above definitions. These schools generally contain some grades in the K-6 range and some grades in the 9-12 range. Examples would include grade structures such as K-12; K-3, 9-12; and 4-6, 9-12.

If a school has been re-categorized due to a change in grade structure, that school's longitudinal data will appear in more than one category. For example, if Central High School had grades 9-12 from 1990-91 through 1992-93, its longitudinal data for those years would appear in the high school category. If Central High School became a K-12 school in 1993-94, its data in 1993-94 and thereafter would appear in the combination school category.

As a convenience to readers, the data tables that are organized by category are cross-referenced. In the above example, the high school category data would refer readers interested in Central High's longitudinal performance to the combination category data and vice versa.

# **Demographic Indicators Associated With Educational Attainment**

Research has shown that demographic and socioeconomic variables affect student achievement. An analysis of the background characteristics of the student population places the school performance indicators in their broader context and helps shed light on the degree of difficulty that certain school districts or states experience in educating their particular student populations. In other

words, inclusion of the demographic indicators in Part 1 provides a context for interpretation of the outcomes.

The *District Composite Report* presents the following socioeconomic and demographic information at the parish (not district), state and national levels:

- education attainment,
- labor force breakdown,
- unemployment rate,
- · per capita income,
- household income distribution.
- population by race,
- single parent households,
- all persons living below the poverty level, and
- teen pregnancy rate.

The data are supplied by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals, and Northeast Louisiana University Center for Business and Economic Research.

#### **District Financial Overview**

There are many factors which contribute to the overall profile of a school district. Financial information is one of the vital factors which are part of that profile. Inclusion of this information in Part 1 helps the reader understand how a public school district functions, and it provides additional context for the interpretation of educational indicators.

# Longitudinal Analysis: Tracking School Progress Over Time

By law, the Progress Profiles Program is required to present six years of data (the current year and the five previous years). These longitudinal school-level data are presented in the *District Composite* 

Report. Each year, the Composite Reports are updated by adding the most current year's data and deleting the data that are more than six years old. The School Report Cards and Progress Profiles State Report, on the other hand, present only the most current year of data so that parents and policy makers who want a very concise and current snapshot of education performance need not wade through voluminous amounts of information.

Incorporating longitudinal data in the *District Composite Report* enables policy makers to anticipate changes in educational outcomes, not just describe them (Smith, 1988). However, longitudinal reporting does complicate the presentation of data. To assist policy makers in interpreting data, tables in the *District Composite Report* have been formatted as follows:

- 1. Cross-sectional data (i.e., for any given year) are presented vertically in columns. School-to-school comparisons can be made within any given year by scanning up and down columns.
- 2. Longitudinal data are presented horizontally in rows. An individual school's progress on any single variable can be charted over time by scanning left-to-right across columns.
- 3. Schools are listed in *sequential order*, based on school site code and school category.
- 4. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data are shaded as a reminder that 1995-96 was the first year that *Progress Profiles* data were extracted from the Student Information System (SIS), establishing a new baseline year for *Profiles* reporting purposes. **Comparisons between the 1995-96** and subsequent years to previous years' data are strongly discouraged (see box on next page).

All longitudinal tracking of individual schools should be conducted with caution. Because schools, like other organizations, are constantly evolving, a school's name and/or grade configuration may change over time. Such changes may or may not signal a major change in the character of the school.

To facilitate longitudinal tracking of individual schools, the six-digit site codes that the LDE assigns to all public schools have been included in all tables. Barring a major change in grade structure at a school, these site codes remain constant over time and therefore are much more reliable identifiers than the school name itself.

In some instances, longitudinal data on a specific indicator are not available for every site due to school openings, closings, and/or reorganizations. Occasionally, an entire indicator may be added. For example, first-time college freshmen data were added to the *School Report Cards* in 1992-93. In instances such as these, the tilde symbol (~) represents "unavailable data."

Data sometimes are not strictly comparable from one year to the next due to changes in reporting periods, data sources, and/or revisions in indicator definitions. In these instances, the data are footnoted to alert the reader to use caution in drawing longitudinal comparisons.

# 1995-96 Was A New Baseline Year Comparisons With Prior Years Data Are Strongly Discouraged

Special caution is urged in comparing 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 performance information to data from prior years because the Progress Profiles Program underwent two major changes in 1995.

- 1. All 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 Student Participation data (i.e., attendance, suspensions/expulsions, and dropouts), some School Characteristics data (i.e., October 1 membership), and some College Readiness data (i.e., graduates) were taken from the student-level Student Information System (SIS). The SIS data are much more detailed and more precisely defined than the aggregated data collected in prior years. They are not comparable, however, to the school summary data reported prior to 1995-96.
- 2. All Student Participation indicators and most Achievement Indicators (i.e., norm- and criterionreferenced test results) have been expanded to include both regular and special education students. In previous years, these indicators were limited to regular education students.

As a special caution to readers, the columns of 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data are shaded. Data from prior years are presented only for the convenience of readers whose information needs are more historical than comparative.

### The Challenge: Accurate and Reliable Reporting

Measurement is a process involving both theoretical as well as empirical considerations. Most assuredly, research based on the inadequate measurement of indicators does not result in a greater understanding of the particular indicator (Carmines and Zeller, 1979). Though it is widely recognized that the best educational policy is made when officials have access to accurate information, the use of inaccurate or unreliable data is more dangerous than no information at all. Recognizing this, every effort has been made to ensure the reliability and validity of the data reported on the *Progress Profiles*. Toward that end, LDE and district staff examine each indicator through a meticulous data correction and verification process.

The Progress Profiles Program has grown substantially over the past several years. The LDE has executed an elaborate process for data verification and analysis to ensure that quality is an intrinsic part of each *Progress Profiles* report.

### **Satisfying the Need for Analysis**

Though all states have some form of educational performance indicator system, the criticism is often heard that too few do anything with the data. "The missing ingredient in most education indicator systems is analysis," notes Allen Odden. "Analysis is critical; it makes sense of the data, explores relationships among the inputs, processes, and outputs of the educational system, and makes policy recommendations for change" (Odden, 1990).

In keeping with national trends toward supplementing educational indicator systems with policy-relevant analysis, LDE staff research the relationships among various *School Report Card* indicators and explore their utility as predictors of student performance. The results of some analyses are presented in shaded boxes accompanying the narrative introduction to each indicator.

#### References

- Carmines, E. G. and Zeller, R. A. (1979). Reliability and validity assessment. *Series: Quantitative Applications in the Social Sciences*, 7 (017), 11,15.
- Children First Act of 1988. La. RS.17:3911-3912, Louisiana Revised Statutes.
- Franklin, B. J. and Crone, L. J. (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.
- Honig, B. (1994, June). How can Horace best be helped? *Phi Delta Kappan.* 75 (10), 790-796.
- Levine, D.U., & Lezotte, L.W. (1990). Context differences: Grade level, socioeconomic status, and rural schools. *Unusually effective schools: A review and analysis of research and practice*, Madison, WI: The National Center for Effective Schools Research and Development.
- Oakes, J. (1989). What educational indicators: The case for assessing the school context. *Educational Evaluation and Policy Analysis*. 11 (2), 181-199.
- Odden, A. (1990). Educational indicators in the United States: The need for analysis. *Educational Researcher*. 19 (5), 24-29.
- Smith, M. (1988). Educational indicators. Phi Delta Kappan, 69 (7), 487-491.

LDE research offers statistical support for what teachers and other educators have long assumed: schools that display the highest level of student achievement are schools with a high percentage of student attendance, a low percentage of students suspended, and a low percentage of student dropouts (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

# Part 1. District Summary

Parish Socioeconomic And Demographic Overview	. 1-1
District Financial Overview	. 1-3

The socioeconomic and demographic composition of the parish may shed light on household situations and thus the educational system of a school district. Issues such as income, poverty rate, single parent households, and teen pregnancy affect family function, which is strongly linked to achievement. This section examines state- and national-level information for each parish socioeconomic and demographic indicator presented.

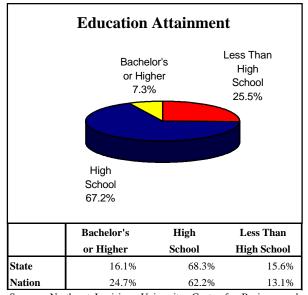
#### **Definitions**

- Education Attainment—is divided into three levels:
  - 1. <u>Less than high school degree</u>: includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who are not enrolled in school and are not high school graduates.
  - 2. <u>High school degree</u>: includes persons whose highest degree is a high school diploma or its equivalent and those who have attempted some college or have received an associate degree. Persons who completed the twelfth grade but did not receive a diploma are not included.
  - 3. <u>Bachelor's degree or higher</u>: includes those persons who have received a college, university, or professional degree.
- Labor Force—is divided into four categories:
  - 1. White collar: includes persons with executive, administrative, and managerial occupations; professional specialty occupations; technicians and related support occupations; sales occupations; and administrative support occupations, including clerical.
  - 2. <u>Blue collar</u>: includes persons with precision production, craft, and repair occupations; transportation and material moving occupations; positions held by machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors; and positions held by handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.
  - 3. <u>Service & Other</u>: includes persons with private household occupations, protective service occupations, and other service occupations.

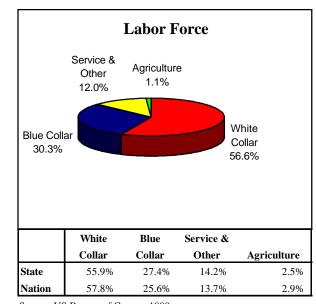
- 4. <u>Agriculture</u>: includes persons who perform farming, forestry, and fishing industry jobs.
- *Household Income Distribution*—is divided into seven major groups. The annual income range begins with below \$15,000 and ends with \$100,000 and above.
- Population by Race—is divided into three major groups, white, black, and "other." The "other" category consists of Native Americans and Asian/Pacific Islanders. It should be noted that, according to the 1990 Bureau of Census data, Hispanic origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race and are therefore included in the categories of white, black, and "other."
- *Single Parent Household Rate*—is the number of single parent households divided by the total number of households.
- *Poverty Threshold*—is revised to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. According to the 1990 Bureau of the Census data, the average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674.
- *Teen Pregnancy Rate*—is the total number of teenage girls under the age of 19 divided by the total number of pregnant women.
- *Per capita income*—is the average income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. The Census Bureau derived per capita income by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group (excluding patients or inmates in institutional quarters).
- Unemployment rate—is the total number of persons not working, who are available and seeking work, regardless of age, as a percentage of the civilian labor force. This is considered the official unemployment rate and is typically cited in comparisons.

### St. Bernard Parish Socioeconomic and Demographic Overview

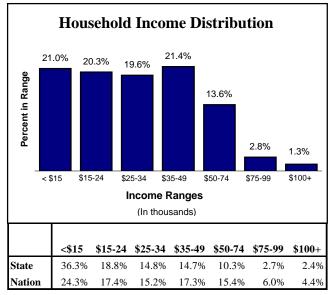
As each school district works toward its educational vision and goals, social and economic factors within the parish may directly or indirectly affect the educational experience of students. An overview of the relevant demographic and socioeconomic profile of each parish places the education indicator data presented in this report in the proper context. These data provide a socioeconomic and demographic profile of the parish as a whole, not the public school district. In preparing this section, every effort was made to obtain the most recent data available for each indicator.



Sources: Northeast Louisiana University, Center for Business and Economic Research and NCES, 1995.



Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.



Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.

Population by Race
Other
2.0%
Black
4.7%
White
93.3%

	White	Black	Other
State	67.3%	30.8%	1.9%
Nation	83.9%	12.3%	3.8%

**Poverty Level** Parish State Nation 15.9% 23.6% All Persons Living Below Poverty Level 15.7

Source: Northeast Louisiana University, Center for Business and Econor Research, 1993.

Single Parenthood							
	Parish State Nation						
Single Parent Households	16.7%	19.1%	14.8%				

Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.

	Per Capita Income 1	\$18,359	\$19,709	\$24,436			
%	Unemployment Rate <sup>2</sup>	6.8%	6.6%	5.4%			
nic	Sources: 1) Northeast Louisiana University, Center for Business and						
	Economic Research, 1996	. 2) Bureau o	of Labor and	Statistics, US.			
	Dept of Labor, 1996.						

**Labor Related Statistics** 

Parish

State

Nation

Teen Pregnancy							
	Parish State Nation						
Teen Pregnancy Rate	17.0%	18.9%	12.9%				

Source: Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals, 1996.

Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.

Financial information broadens the understanding of how public school districts function and provides additional context for the interpretation of educational indicators. The two major components of the financial information are revenues and expenditures.

#### **Definitions**

- *Revenues*—are governmental funds appropriated for public education. Revenues are received from four main sources:
  - Local: monies collected directly by a district through taxes (ad valorem, sales, and use taxes), bonds, revenues from other local government units, tuition, transportation fees, earnings of investments, food service, and community service.
  - 2. <u>State</u>: monies received from the state government through Louisiana's Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula, grants-in-aid, and specific programs such as the Early Childhood Program.
  - 3. <u>Federal</u>: monies received from the federal government through a variety of programs such as Title I, Impact Aid Fund, Reserve Officer Training Corps Program (ROTC), Headstart Programs, School Food Service, Adult Basic Education, and Special Education.
  - 4. <u>District revenues per pupil</u>: total revenues divided by the adjusted October 1 funded student membership.
- Expenditures—are charges incurred, whether paid or unpaid, which benefit the current fiscal year. Total expenditures include the following categories:\*
  - 1. <u>Instructional Expenditures</u>: monies spent for classroom instruction, pupil support, and instructional staff support.

- Non-instructional expenditures: monies spent for school administration, business services, operations and maintenance, transportation, food services, enterprises, and community services.
- 3. <u>Facility Acquisition & Construction Services</u>: monies spent for activities concerned with acquiring land and buildings, remodeling buildings, constructing buildings and additions to buildings, initially installing or extending service systems and other built-in equipment, and improving sites.
- 4. <u>District expenditures per pupil</u>: total expenditures minus debt service divided by the adjusted October 1 funded membership.

Additional items frequently of interest to the public are average salary of full-time teachers and beginning teacher salary. Average salary calculations include full-time classroom teachers and librarians; special education teachers, aides, guidance counselors, and part-time teachers are not included. Beginning teacher salary is defined as the salary paid to a new teacher with a bachelor's degree and no experience. This information is different from average salary of full-time teachers, which is an average of all teachers' salaries in the district.

Note: Some districts' financial data may be adjusted after the publication of this report due to audits. The financial information in this section is based on the December 1, 1998, figures provided by the Office of Management and Finance, LDE.

<sup>\*</sup> Debt service and other long-term obligations are not included in expenditure figures because these monies provide services during multiple years and should not be attributed to only one year.

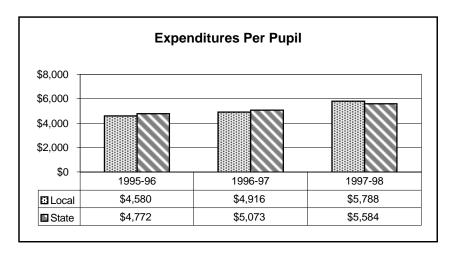
### St. Bernard Parish Financial Profile

	District Revenue by Source								
		1995-96			1996-97			1997-98	
Revenue		% of District	State		% of District	State		% of District	State
Source	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %
Local	\$15,672,716	35.1%	36.8%	\$16,761,318	36.2%	37.4%	\$20,064,121	39.1%	37.6%
State	\$24,157,246	54.1%	50.9%	\$24,599,240	53.2%	50.8%	\$26,106,994	50.9%	51.0%
Federal	\$4,854,350	10.9%	12.3%	\$4,921,766	10.6%	11.8%	\$5,113,941	10.0%	11.4%
Total	\$44,684,312	100.0%	100.0%	\$46,282,324	100.0%	100.0%	\$51,285,056	100.0%	100.0%

Adjusted October 1 Student Membership				
1995-96	1996-97	1997-98		
9,439	9,182	9,006		

Revenues Per Pupil						
1995-96   1996-97   1997-98						
Local	\$4,734	\$5,041	\$5,695			
State Average \$4,981 \$5,296 \$5,818						

	Teacher Salaries					
Local Beginning Local Average State Aver						
	Year	Salary	Salary	Salary		
	1995-96	\$19,360	\$25,955	\$26,800		
	1996-97	\$20,144	\$28,038	\$29,025		
	1997-98	\$21,144	\$29,878	\$31,131		



			District Expe	enditures by Ca	tegory				
			1996-97			1997-98			
		% of District	State		% of District	State		% of District	State
Expenditure Category	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %
Instructional Expenditures	\$29,683,315	69.1%	68.0%	\$31,319,917	69.8%	68.2%	\$33,812,200	71.0%	68.9%
Non-Instructional Expenditures	\$13,293,750	30.9%	32.0%	\$13,567,315	30.2%	31.8%	\$13,799,213	29.0%	31.1%
Subtotal	\$42,977,065	100.0%	100.0%	\$44,887,232	100.0%	100.0%	\$47,611,413	100.0%	100.0%
Facility Acquisition & Construction Services	\$250,225			\$251,226			\$4,512,586		
Total Expenditures (excluding debt services)	\$43,227,290		-	\$45,138,458		-	\$52,123,999		-

### Notes:

- 1. District financial data may be adjusted as a result of audits conducted by the Louisiana Department of Education.
- 2. Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.
- 3. Revenue per pupil and operating expenditure per pupil are based on adjusted October 1 funded student membership.

School Characteristics

		Schools in St. Bernard Parish													
		1992-93   1993-94   1994-95   1995-96   1996-97   1997-98													
Schools in St. I	Bernard Parish														
	October 1 Membership	9,076	9,206	9,247	9,402	9,088	8,909								
	Number of Faculty	639	637	646	647	649	667								

		F	aculty	with a	Maste	er's De	gree or	Highe	er		
199	1992-93 1993-94				4-95	199	5-96	1990	6-97	199'	7-98
Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Percent         Number           40.28         257         39.37         250         37.58         242         37.01         238         37.31         241									34.48	230	

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

	Class Size Characteristics for Grades K-12											
	1992-93		1993	-94	1994	<b>1-95</b>	1995-96		1996-97		1997	-98
	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number
Class Size Characteristics for Grades K-12												
Elementary Schools												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	32.63	77	20.87	48	17.17	40	29.06	68	29.84	77
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	58.47	138	56.96	131	67.38	157	56.84	133	64.73	167
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	8.90	21	22.17	51	15.45	36	14.10	33	5.43	14
Middle/Jr. <u>High Schools</u>												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	22.63	105	30.56	147	25.52	110	25.19	102	31.15	133
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	34.27	159	33.26	160	41.76	180	46.42	188	39.34	168
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	43.10	200	36.17	174	32.71	141	28.40	115	29.51	126
High Schools												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	27.07	144	25.75	138	27.26	151	32.57	186	38.68	234
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	30.83	164	30.78	165	30.14	167	29.60	169	28.26	171
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	42.11	224	43.47	233	42.60	236	37.83	216	33.06	200
All Schools												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	27.98	340	26.46	326	26.70	333	24.71	301	29.42	356	34.42	444
Class Size Range 21 - 26	35.14	427	37.42	461	36.57	456	41.38	504	40.50	490	39.22	506
Class Size Range 27 or more	36.87	448	36.12	445	36.73	458	33.91	413	30.08	364	26.36	340

Student Participation

			Student A	ttendance		
	1992-93 <sup>1</sup>	1993-94	1994-95	<b>1995-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1996-97	1997-98
Percent of Student Attendance						
Elementary Schools	~	95.03	97.82	94.10	94.68	94.65
Middle/Jr. High Schools	~	91.30	96.52	90.94	90.98	91.35
High Schools	~	92.32	96.83	90.43	89.41	89.07
All Schools	93.01	93.38	97.24	92.38	92.35	92.29

		Student Dropouts											
	1992	2-93 <sup>3</sup>	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96	199	6-97	1997	7-98	
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	umber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	
Student <u>Dropouts</u>													
Grade 7	1.48	14	1.58	14	0.84	8	3.87	33	3.70	25	2.34	18	
Grade 8	1.85	14	1.45	12	0.86	7	6.05	51	5.91	45	8.63	51	
Grade 9	6.90	72	6.77	71	4.25	49	13.55	160	11.07	127	11.04	108	
Grade 10	4.62	34	4.17	33	3.05	24	10.25	82	12.22	102	10.34	86	
Grade 11	3.80	22	3.02	17	3.16	21	8.29	51	9.23	59	9.65	60	
Grade 12	2.58	11	1.17	6	2.38	12	6.45	35	9.42	49	9.94	53	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A standard attendance definition was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

Student\_Participation (Continued)

	Students Suspended and Expelled											
	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 <sup>1</sup>	1996	5-97	1997	<b>'-98</b>
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent .	Number	Percent	Number
Students Suspended and Expelled												
Elementar <u>y Schools</u>												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	3.53	176	3.33	154
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	4.96	234	5.75	280	4.59	247	3.37	168	5.58	258
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.02	1	0.00	0
Middle/Jr. <u>High Schools</u>												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.44	355	18.86	372
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	28.41	722	33.21	813	23.17	522	18.75	405	21.10	416
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.04	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
High Scho <u>ols</u>												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	12.75	404	13.87	408
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	23.65	690	22.79	708	18.83	597	18.81	596	19.31	568
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.10	3	0.13	4	0.09	3	0.38	12	0.34	10
All Schools												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.08	932	9.74	932
Suspended (Out of School)	13.39	1,366	16.18	1,646	17.28	1,801	12.72	1,365	11.39	1,169	12.97	1,241
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.06	6	0.04	4	0.04	4	0.03	3	0.13	13	0.10	10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

## Student Achievement

	Reading Level Evaluation Results											
	199	1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		5-96	1996-97		199'	<b>7-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 02												
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		724
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.45	206
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	45.03	326
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.52	192
Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 03												
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		698
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	21.35	149
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	71.49	499
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	7.16	50

	I	Percen	t of Stu	ıdents	Passin	g CRT	and N	lumbe	r of Stu	idents	Tested	
	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995	5-96 <sup>2</sup>	1996	5-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 03												
Language Arts	95	505	96	642	93	671	91	714	91	695	92	687
Mathematics	95	504	94	640	93	671	89	714	90	692	90	685
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 05												
Language Arts	92	710	93	624	95	485	90	717	92	696	92	667
Mathematics	93	711	96	623	96	484	90	716	94	696	93	666
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 07			,		,							
Language Arts	89	704	92	684	90	693	92	693	89	533	86	653
Mathematics	79	703	83	682	81	691	84	688	79	532	80	651
Graduation Exit Exam (GEE) Results			,		,							
Language Arts	96	488	95	536	93	481	93	517	87	550	94	581
Mathematics	92	496	88	533	84	476	89	516	84	550	87	572
Written Composition	95	488	95	522	98	467	97	515	98	534	98	571
Science	94	442	94	466	93	447	90	446	90	478	89	487
Social Studies	98	435	96	468	98	451	94	455	96	486	93	492

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

Student Achievement (Continued)

Percent of Students by National Quartiles and Percentile Rank of Average Standard Scores for National Student Norms - The Iowa Tests 1994-95 | 1995-96 | 1996-97 | 1993-94 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 04 Fourth Ouartile 15.4 Third Quartile 24.2 Second Ouartile 33.0 First Ouartile 27.5 Percentile Rank 44.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 06 Fourth Quartile 13.6 Third Quartile 24.6 Second Quartile 33.7 First Quartile 28.1 Percentile Rank 43.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 08 Fourth Ouartile 12.7 Third Ouartile 25.6 Second Ouartile 28.9 First Ouartile 32.8 Percentile Rank 42.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 09 Fourth Quartile 15.7 Third Ouartile 27.6 Second Quartile 34.1 First Ouartile 22.5 Percentile Rank 46.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10 Fourth Quartile 15.2 Third Ouartile 26.6 Second Quartile 35.6 First Quartile 22.7 Percentile Rank 46.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Represents graduates from the previous school year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

Student Achievement (Continued)

		•	_	tiles and Perotudent Norms									
	1992-93 1993-94 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-9												
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11													
Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.9							
Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.6							
Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.6							
First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.9							
Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0							

# College Readiness

	American College Test (ACT) Results												
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98							
Average Composite Score	19.1 18.7 18.8 18.8 19.3 19.												

	First-time College Freshmen Performance											
	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	<b>1-95</b>	1995	5-96	199	6-97	199	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Number of High School Graduates <sup>1</sup>		415		431		505		508		457		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	25.54	106	54.76	236	37.82	191	33.86	172	32.38	148	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	52.83	56	56.78	134	46.60	89	45.93	79	48.64	72	~	~

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents graduates from the previous school year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Part 2. School Characteristics

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher2-	5
Class Size Characteristics2-	7

**Table 1**Schools in St. Bernard Parish

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
044001	Arabi Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S	K-5	P,K-5	K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5
	October 1 Membership	276	279	291	260	252	233
	Number of Faculty	31	27	28	27	27	27
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044002	Arabi Park Middle School						
	Grade Structure	6-8,S	6-8,S	6-8	6-8	6-8	6-8
	October 1 Membership	500	507	511	490	482	457
	Number of Faculty	41	40	42	41	40	35
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School						
	Grade Structure	6-8,NG,S	6-8,S	6-8	6-8	6-8	6-8
	October 1 Membership	354	399	385	369	340	361
	Number of Faculty	32	33	33	32	30	29
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S	K-5,S		K-5	K-5	K-5
	October 1 Membership	554	531	481	477	466	452
	Number of Faculty	40	41	35	35	40	38
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044005	Carolyn Park School						
	Grade Structure	K-5	K-5	K-5	K-5	K-5	K-5
	October 1 Membership	398	424	433	416	409	403
	Number of Faculty	29	30	31	29	28	25
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044006	Chalmette High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12,NG	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	833	924	955	1,111	1,048	1,004
	Number of Faculty	69	75	79	83	80	82
	Category	~	High	High	High	High	High
044007	Chalmette Middle School						
	Grade Structure	6-8,S	6-8,S	6-8	6-8	6-8,NG	6-8
	October 1 Membership	860	864	809	704	643	564
	Number of Faculty	51	55	55	49	44	41
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				

Table 1 Schools in St. Bernard Parish

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-5,S	P,K-5,S	P,K-5	K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	517	501	491	472	450	466
	Number of Faculty	36	37	36	40	41	38
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12,NG	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	1,002	1,040	1,043	1,159	1,132	1,139
	Number of Faculty	71	71	72	72	69	70
	Category	~	High	High	High	High	High
044010	Lacoste Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S	K-5,S		K-5	K-5	K-5
	October 1 Membership	653	644	623	645	607	547
	Number of Faculty	39	39	39	41	39	35
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044011	Meraux Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S			K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	423	418	412	444	419	394
	Number of Faculty	33	34	32	32	32	30
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044012	Millaudon Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S			K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	469	469	461	437	440	499
	Number of Faculty	34	34	35	38	39	42
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044013	Rowley, C.F., School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S			K-5,NG	K-5	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	491	462	508	547	525	504
	Number of Faculty	35	33	36	38	38	36
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School						
	Grade Structure	K-8,S			K-8	K-8	K-8
	October 1 Membership	430	411	487	481	445	422
	Number of Faculty	33	36	37	35	36	33
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary

~ = Unavailable Data

S = Special Education

P = Pre-kindergarten

NG = Nongraded

**Table 1**Schools in St. Bernard Parish

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
044015	St. Bernard High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12,NG	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	473	458	491	542	598	605
	Number of Faculty	47	46	45	48	50	49
	Category	~	High	High	High	High	High
044016	St. Claude Heights School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,S	K-5,S	K-5	K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	397	414	453	467	442	455
	Number of Faculty	33	29	33	31	33	29
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School						
	Grade Structure	6-8,S	6-8,S	6-8	6-8,NG	6-8,NG	6-8,NG
	October 1 Membership	446	461	413	381	390	404
	Number of Faculty	36	35	36	32	30	28
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
District							
	October 1 Membership	9,076	9,206	9,247	9,402	9,088	8,909
	Number of Faculty	639	637	646	647	649	667

### Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Perhaps the most vital educational resource available to students is the school faculty. One indicator of faculty preparation is the level of academic training the staff has completed.

### **Organization**

Table 2, Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher, presents the number and percent of faculty attaining a master's degree or higher. Data are presented for all faculty members in all schools in the districts that receive a *School Report Card*. Schools are presented in site code order. District and state totals are presented for comparison purposes.

### Data Presentation: School Report Card

The School Report Card displays the percent of faculty with a master's degree or higher.

### **Definition**

• Faculty—school-based instructional personnel. In addition to full-time classroom teachers, these individuals include principals,

assistant principals, guidance counselors, librarians, and other instructional staff (provided these individuals teach at least one class.)

### Method of Calculation

The formula used to compute the percentage of faculty who have a master's degree or higher is presented below. Itinerant staff members who are employed at multiple school sites are counted at each school in which they teach, but are counted only once in district and state percentages.

### **Data Sources**

Site-based personnel— district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Profile of Educational Personnel (PEP).

Faculty degree status— district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Profile of Educational Personnel (PEP).

### Formula Used to Calculate Percent of Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Percent of Faculty
with a Master's Degree = Number of Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Total Number of Faculty at All Education Levels

X 100

Table 2Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

		1992	2-93	1993	<b>1993-94</b> 1		<b>4-95</b>	1995-96		1996-97		199	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number
044001	Arabi Elementary School	35.48	11	33.33	9	35.71	10	29.63	8	40.74	11	29.63	8
044002	Arabi Park Middle School	36.59	15	35.00	14	33.33	14	31.71	13	32.50	13	28.57	10
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School	25.00	8	30.30	10	27.27	9	25.00	8	23.33	7	17.24	5
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School	30.00	12	31.71	13	28.57	10	20.00	7	20.00	8	18.42	7
044005	Carolyn Park School	37.93	11	33.33	10	32.26	10	27.59	8	25.00	7	24.00	6
044006	Chalmette High School	63.24	43	54.05	40	51.28	40	50.00	40	48.72	38	45.12	37
044007	Chalmette Middle School	39.22	20	40.00	22	32.73	18	30.61	15	31.82	14	21.95	9
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School	33.33	12	43.24	16	44.44	16	41.03	16	40.00	16	34.21	13
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School	57.75	41	57.14	40	57.75	41	58.33	42	63.77	44	51.43	36
044010	Lacoste Elementary School	20.51	8	20.51	8	20.51	8	26.83	11	30.77	12	34.29	12
044011	Meraux Elementary School	48.48	16	44.12	15	43.75	14	43.75	14	50.00	16	46.67	14
044012	Millaudon Elementary School	26.47	9	29.41	10	31.43	11	28.95	11	25.64	10	21.43	9
044013	Rowley, C.F., School	42.86	15	45.45	15	44.44	16	47.37	18	47.37	18	50.00	18
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School	33.33	11	36.11	13	37.84	14	34.29	12	27.78	10	27.27	9
044015	St. Bernard High School	44.68	21	41.30	19	42.22	19	47.92	23	48.00	24	42.86	21
044016	St. Claude Heights School	42.42	14	41.38	12	48.48	16	41.94	13	42.42	14	37.93	11
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School	41.67	15	45.71	16	30.56	11	31.25	10	20.00	6	17.86	5
District		40.28	257	39.37	250	37.58	242	37.01	238	37.31	241	34.48	230
State		43.62	21,927	43.57	22,111	42.53	21,844	42.20	21,854	41.55	21,556	39.83	20,938

Small classes generally allow more time for pupil-teacher interaction and therefore are instrumental in promoting student learning, especially at the lower elementary grades. In recognition of that fact, the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels (*Bulletin 741*). The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students, while in grades 4-12 the maximum enrollment is 33 students. The limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, and band.

### **Organization**

Tables 3a, 3b, 3c, and 3d (Class Size Characteristics for Elementary, Middle/Junior High, High, and Combination Schools, respectively) present the number and percentage of classes that fall within various class size ranges. Data are presented for all schools in the district that receive a *School Report Card*, with schools presented by category and in site code order. District and state percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Since 1993-94, district and state percentages based on school category also have been provided.

The *District Composite Report* presents class size information for grades K-12 in three ranges: 1-20, 21-26, and 27 or more students.

### Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Card provides 1997-98 class size information for grades K-12 by three ranges: 1-20, 21-26, and 27+. Category percentages are provided for comparison purposes.

### **Definition**

 Class—a grouping of children under the primary supervision and instruction of an individual teacher for all or part of the instructional day, as reported for the purposes of the Annual School Report (ASR) and identifiable by a specific ASR course code.

### **Method of Calculation**

The following criterion was applied to *Annual School Report (ASR)* data to determine which classes should be included/excluded from the class size calculations:

 Activity classes (which have a maximum allowable student count greater than 33) are excluded because their inclusion in the computation would skew the results.

### Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Classes in Each of the Specific Class Size Ranges

Percent of Classes
in Specific Class Size Range = 

Number of Classes in Specific
Class Size Range

Total Number of Classes

X 100\*

\*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Classes in Elementary Schools in Specific Class Size Range = (Number of Classes in Elementary Schools in Specific Class Size Range / Total Number of Classes in Elementary Schools) X 100.

### **Data Source**

District-reported data from the Annual School Report (ASR).

### References

Franklin, B.J. and Glascock, C.H. (1994, November). School configuration: Which configuration is best? Paper presented at the annual meeting of the Mid-South Educational Research Association, Nashville, Tenn.

Louisiana Department of Education, Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators (Bulletin 741), Baton Rouge, La.

LDE researchers have explored the relationship between school configuration and Report Card indicators related to student participation and testing. Middle school students perform significantly lower in grades 6 and 7 for all indicators than grades 6 and 7 students in elementary or combination (K-12) schools (Franklin and Glascock, 1994).

# **Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics**

Elementary Schools

		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97		1997	<b>7-98</b>
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent N	Number	Percent	Number
044001	Arabi Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	66.67	14	62.50	10	56.25	9	50.00	8	62.50	10	75.00	12
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	33.33	7	37.50	6	43.75	7	50.00	8	37.50	6	25.00	4
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	16.67	4	29.17	7	0.00	0	0.00	0	64.00	16	76.92	20
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	79.17	19	70.83	17	94.74	18	100.00	21	28.00	7	23.08	6
	Class Size Range 27 or more	4.17	1	0.00	0	5.26	1	0.00	0	8.00	2	0.00	0
044005	Carolyn Park School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	22.22	4	11.11	2	5.26	1	15.79	3	33.33	6	42.86	9
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	77.78	14	77.78	14	84.21	16	84.21	16	66.67	12	47.62	10
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	11.11	2	10.53	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	9.52	2
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	28.57	6	54.55	12	42.11	8	5.00	1	33.33	7	22.73	5
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	66.67	14	45.45	10	36.84	7	95.00	19	61.90	13	72.73	16
	Class Size Range 27 or more	4.76	1	0.00	0	21.05	4	0.00	0	4.76	1	4.55	1
044010	Lacoste Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	10.71	3	18.52	5	11.54	3	22.22	6	20.00	5	28.00	7
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	75.00	21	55.56	15	73.08	19	48.15	13	56.00	14	68.00	17
	Class Size Range 27 or more	14.29	4	25.93	7	15.38	4	29.63	8	24.00	6	4.00	1
044011	Meraux Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	22.22	4	31.58	6	11.11	2	16.67	3	22.22	4	36.84	7
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	77.78	14	68.42	13	88.89	16	72.22	13	66.67	12	63.16	12
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	11.11	2	11.11	2	0.00	0
044012	Millaudon Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	29.41	5	35.29	6	18.75	3	11.11	2	45.00	9	22.73	5
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	41.18	7	64.71	11	62.50	10	83.33	15	55.00	11	77.27	17
	Class Size Range 27 or more	29.41	5	0.00	0	18.75	3	5.56	1	0.00	0	0.00	0
044013	Rowley, C.F., School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	10.53	2	5.88	1	10.00	2	14.29	3	0.00	0	7.41	2
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	78.95	15	76.47	13	75.00	15	57.14	12	95.24	20	92.59	25
	Class Size Range 27 or more	10.53	2	17.65	3	15.00	3	28.57	6	4.76	1	0.00	0
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	46.94	23	47.27	26	36.36	20	23.64	13	21.15	11	17.86	10
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	46.94	23	43.64	24	20.00	11	47.27	26	42.31	22	69.64	39
	Class Size Range 27 or more	6.12	3	9.09	5	43.64	24	29.09	16	36.54	19	12.50	7

# **Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics**

# Elementary Schools

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	<b>-95</b>	1995	5-96	1996	5-97	1997	<b>'-98</b>
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044016 St. Claude Heights School												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	50.00	10	9.52	2	0.00	0	5.56	1	0.00	0	0.00	0
Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.00	8	71.43	15	54.55	12	77.78	14	88.89	16	87.50	21
Class Size Range 27 or more	10.00	2	19.05	4	45.45	10	16.67	3	11.11	2	12.50	3
District (Elementary Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	32.63	77	20.87	48	17.17	40	29.06	68	29.84	77
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	58.47	138	56.96	131	67.38	157	56.84	133	64.73	167
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	8.90	21	22.17	51	15.45	36	14.10	33	5.43	14
District (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	27.98	340	26.46	326	26.70	333	24.71	301	29.42	356	34.42	444
Class Size Range 21 - 26	35.14	427	37.42	461	36.57	456	41.38	504	40.50	490	39.22	506
Class Size Range 27 or more	36.87	448	36.12	445	36.73	458	33.91	413	30.08	364	26.36	340
State (Elementary Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	29.86	9,170	30.32	9,287	32.15	9,840	31.58	9,687	34.34	11,090
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	51.31	15,758	50.85	15,577	50.68	15,510	53.06	16,277	51.25	16,553
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	18.83	5,783	18.83	5,768	17.17	5,255	15.37	4,714	14.41	4,654
State (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.00	33,335	30.42	34,199	31.18	35,133	32.25	36,358	32.51	37,192	34.44	40,803
Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.59	45,104	39.16	44,023	39.79	44,829	39.63	44,678	40.20	45,996	39.38	46,654
Class Size Range 27 or more	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226	26.17	31,003

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 3b: Class Size Characteristics**

Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1992	2-93	1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97		1997	<b>'-98</b>
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044002	Arabi Park Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	15.65	18	24.55	27	34.17	41	18.64	22	25.66	29	18.80	22
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	43.48	50	40.91	45	33.33	40	52.54	62	51.33	58	52.99	62
	Class Size Range 27 or more	40.87	47	34.55	38	32.50	39	28.81	34	23.01	26	28.21	33
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	31.40	27	24.36	19	31.11	28	43.02	37	38.75	31	38.55	32
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	20.93	18	32.05	25	23.33	21	26.74	23	45.00	36	36.14	30
	Class Size Range 27 or more	47.67	41	43.59	34	45.56	41	30.23	26	16.25	13	25.30	21
044007	Chalmette Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	16.57	28	22.75	43	22.78	41	20.39	31	19.29	27	43.84	64
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	17.75	30	33.33	63	41.11	74	44.08	67	52.14	73	32.19	47
	Class Size Range 27 or more	65.68	111	43.92	83	36.11	65	35.53	54	28.57	40	23.97	35
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School					,		,					
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.53	29	18.39	16		37	26.67	20	20.83	15	18.52	15
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	29.47	28	29.89	26	27.47	25	37.33	28	29.17	21	35.80	29
	Class Size Range 27 or more	40.00	38	51.72	45	31.87	29	36.00	27	50.00	36	45.68	37
District (	Midd <u>le/Jr. High Schools)</u>					,		,					
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	22.63	105	30.56	147	25.52	110	25.19	102	31.15	133
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	34.27	159	33.26	160	41.76	180	46.42	188	39.34	168
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	43.10	200	36.17	174	32.71	141	28.40	115	29.51	126
District (A	All Schools)												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	27.98	340	26.46	326	26.70	333	24.71	301	29.42	356	34.42	444
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	35.14	427	37.42	461	36.57	456	41.38	504	40.50	490	39.22	506
	Class Size Range 27 or more	36.87	448	36.12	445	36.73	458	33.91	413	30.08	364	26.36	340
State (Mi	ddle/ <mark>Jr. High Schools</mark> )					ı							
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	21.06	6,253	23.16	6,785	23.22	6,682	24.50	7,050	27.45	8,168
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~		11,300	39.15	11,471	40.39	11,625	40.85	11,756	39.66	11,802
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	40.87	12,133	37.69	11,045	36.40	10,476	34.66	9,975	32.90	9,791
State (All	Schools)					,							
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.00	33,335		34,199	31.18			36,358		37,192		40,803
	Class Size Range 21 - 26		45,104		44,023	39.79			44,678	40.20	45,996	39.38	46,654
	Class Size Range 27 or more	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226	26.17	31,003

# **Table 3c: Class Size Characteristics**

# High Schools

	1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97		1997	7-98
	Percent	Number										
044006 Chalmette High School												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	35.48	66	22.44	46	23.56	49	25.35	55	31.60	67	41.96	94
Class Size Range 21 - 26	29.57	55	29.76	61	29.81	62	29.49	64	34.91	74	31.25	70
Class Size Range 27 or more	34.95	65	47.80	98	46.63	97	45.16	98	33.49	71	26.79	60
044009 Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	26.17	56	21.66	47	21.62	48	18.94	43	19.74	45	23.40	55
Class Size Range 21 - 26	33.18	71	33.18	72	31.08	69	29.07	66	25.44	58	25.96	61
Class Size Range 27 or more	40.65	87	45.16	98	47.30	105	51.98	118	54.82	125	50.64	119
044015 St. Bernard High School	ı				ı		ı		1			
Class Size Range 1 - 20	35.65	41	46.36	51	38.68	41	48.18	53	56.49	74	58.22	85
Class Size Range 21 - 26	28.70	33	28.18	31	32.08	34	33.64	37	28.24	37	27.40	40
Class Size Range 27 or more	35.65	41	25.45	28	29.25	31	18.18	20	15.27	20	14.38	21
District (High Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	27.07	144	25.75	138	27.26	151	32.57	186	38.68	234
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	30.83	164	30.78	165	30.14	167	29.60	169	28.26	171
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	42.11	224	43.47	233	42.60	236	37.83	216	33.06	200
District (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	27.98	340	26.46	326	26.70	333	24.71	301	29.42	356	34.42	444
Class Size Range 21 - 26	35.14	427	37.42	461	36.57	456	41.38	504	40.50	490	39.22	506
Class Size Range 27 or more	36.87	448	36.12	445	36.73	458	33.91	413	30.08	364	26.36	340
State (High Schools)			1									
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~		14,261		14,610		15,285		15,900		17,104
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~		14,813		15,478		15,285		15,607		16,121
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	34.45	15,277	32.96	14,792	32.79	14,911	33.08	15,576	32.10	15,704
State (All Schools)			1									
Class Size Range 1 - 20		33,335		34,199		35,133		36,358		37,192		40,803
Class Size Range 21 - 26		45,104		44,023		44,829		44,678		45,996		46,654
Class Size Range 27 or more	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226	26.17	31,003

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Part 3. Student Participation

Student Attendance	3-1
Student Dropouts	3-7
Students Suspended and Expelled	3-11

More than a decade ago, American schools were challenged by *A Nation at Risk* to do whatever necessary to reduce the amount of instructional time lost to absenteeism (Bennett, 1988). As educators have long recognized, occasional absences cause some learning disruption, but frequent student absences can severely reduce academic progress (Bamber, 1979).

The percent of student attendance reflects the percentage of time the average student is present within the total number of instructional days. Since 1993-94, attendance has been calculated to the nearest half day.

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

### **Organization**

Tables 4a, 4b, 4c, and 4d, Student Attendance, present the percent of student attendance for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. District and state percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Schools are presented by category and in site code order. Since 1993-94, district and state percentages based on school category have been provided for comparison purposes.

### Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Card presents the percent of student attendance for the school, district, and state, based on the school category.

Of all the School Report Card indicators studied, student attendance yields the strongest positive relationship with average test scores. This is especially evident in secondary schools with higher attendance. These schools show a marked increase in the percentage of students passing the Graduation Exit Exam (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

### **Definitions**

- Aggregate days attendance—the total number of days that students are *present* at the school site over the course of the school year.
- Aggregate days membership—the total number of days that students are *enrolled* (but not necessarily *present* at the school site) over the course of the school year.
- Day of attendance—effective with the 1992-93 school year, "a student is considered to be in attendance when he or she 1) is physically present at a school site or is participating in an authorized school activity and 2) is under the supervision of authorized personnel. This definition extends to students who are homebound, assigned to and participating in drug rehabilitation programs that contain a state-approved education component, or participating in school-authorized field trips."

"Students who meet the above criteria and are present at the school site for 26-50 percent of the student's instructional day shall be credited with a half day of attendance. Those who meet the above criteria and are present for at least 51% of the student's instructional day are credited with a whole day of attendance. Students who are not physically present or who are participating for 25 percent or less of their instructional day will be considered absent for reporting purposes. Absences, whether excused or unexcused, shall be counted as an absence for reporting to the Department." (Bulletin 741)

As mentioned previously, the above definition was piloted for the 1992-93 school year and has been in effect statewide since the 1993-94 school year.

• *Percent of student attendance*—the ratio of aggregate days student attendance to aggregate days membership.

### **Method of Calculation**

The formulas used in calculating percent of student attendance are presented on the following page.

Data Sources References

The attendance indicator is based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

Bamber, C. (1979). Student and teacher absenteeism. *Phi Delta Kappa Fastback*. 126, 12.

Bennett, W. J. (1988). *American Education - Making It Work.* 17. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

Franklin, B. J. and Crone, L. J. (1993). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.

Louisiana Department of Education. *Handbook for Louisiana School Administrators (Bulletin 741)*. Baton Rouge, La.: Author.

#### Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Student Attendance

### **School-level Aggregation**

### **District-level Aggregation**

Percent of Student Attendance = 
$$\frac{Total Aggregate Days of Attendance for}{All Schools in the District} \times 100^*$$
Total Aggregate Days of Membership
for All Schools in the District

### **State-level Aggregation**

Percent of Student Attendance = 
$$\frac{Total \, Aggregate \, Days \, of \, Attendance \, for}{All \, Schools \, in \, the \, State} \times 100^*$$

$$for \, All \, Schools \, in \, the \, State$$

\*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Student Attendance in Elementary Schools = (Aggregate Days of Attendance for All Elementary Schools / Aggregate Days of Membership for All Elementary Schools) X 100.

### **Table 4a: Percent of Student Attendance**

	1992-93 <sup>1</sup>	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 <sup>2</sup>	1996-97	1997-98
044001 Arabi Elementary School	94.49	95.19	97.67	93.62	93.71	93.74
044004 Borgnemouth Elementary School	92.87	94.73	97.17	92.77	93.60	93.42
044005 Carolyn Park School	94.95	95.14	98.10	93.53	95.01	99.16
044008 Gauthier, J.F., School	93.00	94.11	97.83	92.13	92.60	92.51
044010 Lacoste Elementary School	95.77	96.16	98.47	95.69	97.36	95.46
044011 Meraux Elementary School	95.06	95.18	97.77	94.68	94.75	94.96
044012 Millaudon Elementary School	92.21	93.24	97.39	93.30	93.02	92.78
044013 Rowley, C.F., School	94.31	95.03	97.84	94.81	94.55	94.51
044014 Roy, Sebastien, School	93.89	94.29	96.94	93.71	94.83	94.13
044016 St. Claude Heights School	96.80	96.93	98.77	95.86	96.13	95.97
District (Elementary Schools)	~	95.03	97.82	94.10	94.68	94.65
District (All Schools)	93.01	93.38	97.24	92.38	92.35	92.29
State (Elementary Schools)	~	95.01	95.21	95.01	95.20	95.01
State (All Schools)	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70	93.40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A standard attendance defintion was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

### **Table 4b: Percent of Student Attendance**

Middle/Jr. High Schools

	1992-93 <sup>1</sup>	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 <sup>2</sup>	1996-97	1997-98
044002 Arabi Park Middle School	89.92	88.51	95.72	89.32	90.05	91.85
044003 Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School	92.20	90.63	95.82	88.22	89.43	89.13
044007 Chalmette Middle School	93.30	93.27	97.58	93.75	93.64	93.26
044017 Trist, N.P., Middle School	90.44	91.32	96.11	90.52	89.13	90.01
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)	~	91.30	96.52	90.94	90.98	91.35
District (All Schools)	93.01	93.38	97.24	92.38	92.35	92.29
State (Middle/Jr. High Schools)	~	92.84	92.72	92.56	93.14	92.69
State (All Schools)	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70	93.40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A standard attendance defintion was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

### **Table 4c: Percent of Student Attendance**

# High Schools

	1992-93 <sup>1</sup>	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 <sup>2</sup>	1996-97	1997-98
044006 Chalmette High School	90.51	91.00	96.23	89.04	88.88	88.93
044009 Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School	93.20	93.91	97.90	92.62	90.67	89.63
044015 St. Bernard High School	90.71	91.50	95.80	88.53	87.93	88.23
District (High Schools)	~	92.32	96.83	90.43	89.41	89.07
District (All Schools)	93.01	93.38	97.24	92.38	92.35	92.29
State (High Schools)	~	90.97	91.02	90.62	91.06	90.75
State (All Schools)	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70	93.40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A standard attendance defintion was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

Students who drop out of school deprive our country of potentially valuable human resources (Hershaff, 1980). Research indicates that dropping out of school has negative consequences both for the individual who drops out and for society (Curry, Payson, and Sandhu, 1990).

Over the last 20 years, there has been a general increase in high school completion rates. Despite these gains, dropout rates remain at unacceptably high levels. The monitoring of high school dropout rates provides one measure of our progress in increasing the educational attainment of the state's youth. Unfortunately, determining the exact number of students who actually drop out of school is extremely difficult.

According to LDE research, the percent of student dropouts has a strong negative correlation with test scores and attendance, and a positive correlation with school size. Thus, schools with low average test scores and low average attendance generally experience high dropout rates. Larger schools (those with enrollments of roughly 700 or more students) exhibit higher dropout rates than do smaller schools (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

### **Organization**

Table 5, Student Dropouts, presents the number and percent of students (by grade level) who drop out of school for grades 7-12. Data are presented by school site code for all *Report Card* schools in the district whose grade structure includes grade seven or higher. District and state numbers and percents are offered for comparison purposes.

### Data Presentation: School Report Card

School-level counts and percents are reported (by grade) for grades 7-12. Also, district and state percents are presented.

#### **Definitions**

- Cumulative Enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating schooland district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
  - Dropout—the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) defines a dropout in the following manner. A school dropout is an individual who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous year, was not enrolled at the beginning of the current school year, had not graduated from high school or completed an approved educational program, and did not meet any of the following exclusionary conditions:
    - Death;
    - Temporary absence due to suspension or illness; or
    - Transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program.

For the purpose of this definition:

- A school year is the 12-month period of time beginning with the normal opening of school in the fall, with dropouts from the previous summer reported for the year and grade for which they fail to enroll;
- An individual has graduated from high school or completed an approved education program upon receipt of formal recognition from school authorities; and
- A state- or district-approved education program may include special education programs, home-based instruction, and school-sponsored GED preparation.

#### **Method of Calculation**

Louisiana's school- and district-level student dropout percents are calculated by dividing the total number of student dropouts in each grade for grades 7-12 by the cumulative enrollment for that grade. The formulas used to produce percent of student dropouts are presented at the bottom of this page.

#### **Data Sources**

The dropout indicator is based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

#### References

- Curry, B. A., Payson, James and Sandhu, Daya S. (1990). Efficacy of a university designed dropout prevention program for at-risk adolescents of Louisiana. *Louisiana Education Research Journal*. XVI:1, 52.
- Franklin, B. J. and Crone, L. J. (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.
- Hershaff, S. M. (1980). Dropouts: A comparison of their general feelings of alienation and attitudes toward school with those of persisters. *The Southern Journal of Educational Research*. XIV:4, 247.
- National Center for Education Statistics (1993). *Dropout rates in the United States: 1993*. U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC.

#### Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Student Dropouts

(Grades 7-12)

### **School-level Aggregation**

### **District-level Aggregation**

### **State-level Aggregation**

**Table 5: Student Dropouts** 

		1992	<b>2-93</b> <sup>1</sup>	1993	<b>3-94</b>	1994	-95	1995	<b>-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1996	5-97	1997	<b>'-98</b>
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber
044002	Arabi Park Middle School												
	Grade 7	1.50			2	0.41	1	2.83	6		10	2.23	4
	Grade 8	2.33	5	1.19	3	1.38	3	2.83	6	5.80	12	6.58	10
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School												
	Grade 7	0.00	0		0	0.00	0	6.75	11	5.79	7	3.18	5
	Grade 8	0.78	1	1.38	2	0.00	0	8.45	12	5.11	7	2.22	2
044006	Chalmette High School			,									
	Grade 9	3.40	17	7.39	38	4.84	25	16.36	90	13.88	63	14.64	53
	Grade 10	2.56	8		19	1.81	6	11.71	41	13.32	49	14.33	44
	Grade 11	1.87	5		7	2.67	7	9.20	23	8.85	23	10.74	26
	Grade 12	2.03	4	0.90	2	1.20	3	7.33	14	9.00	18	11.96	25
044007	Chalmette Middle School			,									
	Grade 7	1.36	5		2	1.15	4	2.28	7	1.68	4	1.35	3
	Grade 8	1.92	6	1.48	5	1.18	4	7.99	23	5.88	15	13.17	27
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School												
	Grade 9	2.59	12	1.66	7	3.68	17	5.79	27	5.56	26	5.43	21
	Grade 10	2.03	8	0.52	2	3.15	11	6.16	21	6.25	21	7.29	24
	Grade 11	1.06	3		3	2.36	7	8.33	22	5.28	15	8.85	23
	Grade 12	0.51	1	0.76	2	1.36	3	3.59	9	4.98	11	9.66	23
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School							1					
	Grade 7	1.85	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.13	2	1.56	1	0.00	0
	Grade 8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.85	3	7.69	4	3.64	2
044015	St. Bernard High School							1					
	Grade 9	14.53	43	10.48	26	2.78	7	16.60	43	11.95	38	12.98	34
	Grade 10	10.17	18	7.10	12	4.22	7	12.27	20	17.02	32	8.65	18
	Grade 11	11.86	14	5.51	7	4.58	7	4.76	6	17.07	21	8.87	11
	Grade 12	4.23	6	1.89	2	4.84	6	10.34	12	19.61	20	5.62	5
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School							1				T	
	Grade 7	1.87	4		10	1.51	3	4.22	7	2.54	3	3.41	6
	Grade 8	1.32	2	1.16	2	0.00	0	4.29	7	4.73	7	9.62	10

In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

**Table 5: Student Dropouts** 

		1992	<b>2-93</b> <sup>1</sup>	1993	<b>3-94</b>	1994	1-95	1995	5-96 <sup>2</sup>	1990	<b>5-97</b>	1997	<b>7-98</b>
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District													
	Grade 7	1.48	14	1.58	14	0.84	8	3.87	33	3.70	25	2.34	18
	Grade 8	1.85	14	1.45	12	0.86	7	6.05	51	5.91	45	8.63	51
	Grade 9	6.90	72	6.77	71	4.25	49	13.55	160	11.07	127	11.04	108
	Grade 10	4.62	34	4.17	33	3.05	24	10.25	82	12.22	102	10.34	86
	Grade 11	3.80	22	3.02	17	3.16	21	8.29	51	9.23	59	9.65	60
	Grade 12	2.58	11	1.17	6	2.38	12	6.45	35	9.42	49	9.94	53
	Grades 9 - 12	~	~	~	~	~	~	10.45	328	10.73	337	10.35	307
State													
	Grade 7	~	~	1.47	904	0.78	480	4.46	2,816	4.73	2,904	3.44	2,122
	Grade 8	~	~	1.71	971	0.93	538	6.04	3,568	5.53	3,232	4.46	2,519
	Grade 9	~	~	6.48	4,018	4.63	2,898	12.90	8,966	13.51	9,245	11.67	7,688
	Grade 10	~	~	4.91	2,531	3.79	2,005	11.86	6,554	12.10	6,626	10.53	5,802
	Grade 11	~	~	4.57	1,988	3.55	1,555	10.78	4,991	10.58	4,897	9.08	4,161
	Grade 12	~	~	3.70	1,433	2.65	1,061	10.75	4,397	8.62	3,605	8.71	3,716
	Grades 9 - 12	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.75	24,908	11.53	24,373	10.20	21,367

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.
<sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

Student suspension not only harms students by depriving them of valuable instruction, it also harms communities, the individual school, and school district (Garibaldi, 1978).

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

#### **Organization**

Tables 6a, 6b, 6c, and 6d, Students Suspended and Expelled, present the number and percent of students suspended and the number and percent of students expelled for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. Schools are listed by category and in site code order. District percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Since 1993-94, percentages based on the school category also have been provided for comparison purposes.

It should be pointed out that the "students suspended" number reflects the number of students at the school site who were suspended at least once during the school year. Because some students are suspended more than once over the course of the school year, the total incidence of suspension may be greater than the number reported here.

### Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Card presents the school-level number and percent of students suspended and expelled. Category statistics are provided at the district level for comparison purposes.

#### **Definitions**

- Cumulative Enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school-and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
- In-school Expulsion—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a period of time specified by the LEA and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- In-school Suspension—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a minimum of one complete school day and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- Out-of-school Expulsion—removal (exit) of a student from school for a determined number of days with no provision of instructional services.
- Out-of-school Suspension—student is temporarily prohibited from participating in his/her usual placement within school with no provision of instructional service; only suspensions resulting in removal for at least one full day are included.

Schools which report comparatively high suspension rates tend to serve more low-income students than those which report low suspension rates. Suspension rates tend to be higher among large schools. Middle schools and secondary schools report higher suspension rates than schools with other grade configurations. Finally, class enrollments are larger in high-suspension schools (Kennedy, 1993). This research is further supported by Franklin and Glascock (1994) who found that suspension rates are significantly higher in middle schools than elementary or combination (K-12) schools.

#### **Method of Calculation**

Suspensions and expulsions are calculated for students enrolled in grades K-12. The formulas listed at the bottom of this page were used to calculate the desired school- and district-level percentages for each school category, as well as district-level percentages for all schools.

#### **Data Sources**

The suspension and expulsion indicators are based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

#### References

- Children's Defense Fund. (1975). School Suspensions Are They Helping Children? Cambridge, Mass.
- Franklin, B. J., and Glascock, C. H. (1994). The K-12 school Did we forget the importance of continuity? Paper presented at the annual meeting of the Mid-South Education Research Association. Nashville, Tenn.
- Garibaldi, A. M. (1978). *In-School Alternatives to Suspension: Conference Report.* Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office.
- Kennedy, E. (1993). A study of out-of-school suspensions and expulsions in Louisiana public schools. Report to the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. Baton Rouge, La.: Louisiana Department of Education.

### Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Students Suspended, Expelled

#### **School-level Aggregation**

$$Percent of Students Suspended = \frac{Number of Students Suspended}{Cumulative Enrollment} \times 100$$

$$Percent of Students Expelled = \frac{Number of Students Expelled}{Cumulative Enrollment} \times 100$$

### **District-level Aggregation**

Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Elementary Students Suspended = (Number of Elementary Students Suspended / Cumulative Elementary Student Enrollment) X 100.

# **Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled**

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	Number
044001	Arabi Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.39	1
	Suspended (Out of School)	1.76	6	0.65	2	2.72	9	2.61	10	1.86	6	3.94	10
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	24.19	134	22.42	113
	Suspended (Out of School)	7.19	50	10.08	61	11.54	69	11.67	70	6.14	34	12.90	65
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.18	1	0.00	0
044005	Car <u>olyn Park School</u>												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.55	3	0.55	3	0.52	3	2.01	11	0.75	4	1.05	5
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	2.25	13	2.65	15	2.74	15	1.72	11	1.57	9	1.35	7
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044010	Lacoste Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	1.47	11	1.53	11	1.16	8	0.00	0	0.14	1	0.51	3
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044011	Meraux Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	2.09	9
	Suspended (Out of School)	5.03	26	4.08	21	0.77	4	0.37	2	1.61	8	1.16	5
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled**

		1992	2-93	1993	<b>3-94</b>	1994	-95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1996	-97	1997	<b>'-98</b>
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number
044012	Millaudon Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.18	1
	Suspended (Out of School)	7.72	44	4.84	24	5.20	26	5.95	37	5.74	33	3.96	22
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044013	Rowley, C.F., School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.99	6	1.93	11	4.84	30	5.03	36	3.82	25	1.42	8
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.12	42	6.05	28
	Suspended (Out of School)	8.05	42	14.40	72	17.06	102	8.20	47	6.77	35	25.27	117
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044016	St. Claude Heights School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.42	2
	Suspended (Out of School)	1.48	7	2.99	14	2.94	14	4.33	23	2.60	13	3.36	16
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled**

			1993-94		1994	-95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1990	5-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District (Elementary Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	3.53	176	3.33	154
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	4.96	234	5.75	280	4.59	247	3.37	168	5.58	258
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.02	1	0.00	0
District (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.08	932	9.74	932
Suspended (Out of School)	13.39	1,366	16.18	1,646	17.28	1,801	12.72	1,365	11.39	1,169	12.97	1,241
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.06	6	0.04	4	0.04	4	0.03	3	0.13	13	0.10	10
State <sup>1</sup> (Elementary Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.17	8,584	3.07	11,949
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.26	16,806	4.83	18,811
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.01	34	0.01	37
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.08	311	0.11	425
State <sup>1</sup> (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040	7.76	61,311
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.94	78,866	10.54	83,256
Expelled (In School)	~	~	?	~	?	~	?	~	0.07	542	0.13	1,014
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454	0.49	3,901

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled**

Middle/Jr. High Schools

				1993	<b>3-94</b>	1994	-95	1995-96		1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number
044002	Arabi Park Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.35	90	18.61	99
	Suspended (Out of School)	23.31	183	36.95	283	33.62	236	25.84	169	16.47	111	21.62	115
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.13	1	0.13	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	17.05	75	22.98	94
	Suspended (Out of School)	27.53	136	34.92	176	32.81	166	17.14	79	11.82	52	20.05	82
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.20	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044007	Chalmette Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	12.60	94	9.82	61
	Suspended (Out of School)	19.88	206	20.52	212	22.54	220	21.01	170	17.96	134	16.10	100
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.19	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	21.27	97	26.05	118
	Suspended (Out of School)	13.19	79	8.81	51	35.70	191	22.62	107	24.34	111	26.27	119
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.17	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled**

Middle/Jr. High Schools

			3   1993-94   3		1994	-95	1995	5-96 <sup>2</sup>	199	5-97	1997	7-98
					Percent 1							
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.44	355	18.86	372
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	28.41	722	33.21	813	23.17	522	18.75	405	21.10	416
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.04	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
District (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.08	932	9.74	932
Suspended (Out of School)	13.39	1,366	16.18	1,646	17.28	1,801	12.72	1,365	11.39	1,169	12.97	1,241
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.06	6	0.04	4	0.04	4	0.03	3	0.13	13	0.10	10
State <sup>1</sup> (Middle/ <u>Jr. High Schools</u> )												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	10.03	14,670	14.53	21,148
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.40	23,990	18.26	26,576
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.16	234	0.31	448
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.87	1,269	1.12	1,629
State <sup>1</sup> (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040	7.76	61,311
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.94	78,866	10.54	83,256
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.07	542	0.13	1,014
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454	0.49	3,901

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled**

# High Schools

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent \( \lambda \)	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber
044006	Chalmette High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.15	208	18.70	205
	Suspended (Out of School)	18.86	241	24.12	314	23.95	326	20.58	277	16.54	213	16.97	186
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.15	2	0.07	1	0.07	1	0.23	3	0.27	3
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.22	16	3.17	38
	Suspended (Out of School)	9.42	126	15.13	198	14.98	199	15.46	205	18.40	242	16.75	201
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.07	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.15	2	0.30	4	0.50	6
044015	St. Bernard High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	24.79	181	24.30	166
	Suspended (Out of School)	25.51	187	27.38	178	26.33	183	18.29	122	20.00	146	26.94	184
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.15	1	0.43	3	0.00	0	0.68	5	0.15	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# **Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled**

# High Schools

			1993-94		1994	-95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>2</sup>	1990	5-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District (High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	12.75	404	13.87	408
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	23.65	690	22.79	708	18.83	597	18.81	596	19.31	568
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.10	3	0.13	4	0.09	3	0.38	12	0.34	10
District (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.08	932	9.74	932
Suspended (Out of School)	13.39	1,366	16.18	1,646	17.28	1,801	12.72	1,365	11.39	1,169	12.97	1,241
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.06	6	0.04	4	0.04	4	0.03	3	0.13	13	0.10	10
State <sup>1</sup> (High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.67	19,412	11.97	26,592
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.72	35,175	15.80	35,108
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.11	254	0.23	512
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.80	1,797	0.80	1,775
State <sup>1</sup> (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040	7.76	61,311
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	۲	~	~	?	~	9.94	78,866	10.54	83,256
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.07	542	0.13	1,014
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454	0.49	3,901

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Part 4. Student Achievement

Reading Level Evaluation Results	4-1
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results	4-7
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results	4-15

The ability to read is essential to survive in our society. Many children learn to read quickly and efficiently once exposed to formal instruction. However, this is not an easy task for some children due to a variety of reasons. These children require high quality preschool and kindergarten programs and excellent primary instruction that emphasize language and literacy skills. Act 450 of the 1997 Legislative Session required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level within the first thirty days of school.

### **Organization**

Tables 7a and 7b present Reading Level Evaluation Results for grades 2 and 3 respectively. These results present the number and percent of students reading below, on, and above their grade levels. This information is provided for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*, with schools listed in site code order. District and state results are presented for comparison purposes. Please use caution when comparing, as each district was permitted to select its own assessment instrument(s).

#### **Definition**

The following students were evaluated and included in the assessment results:

- All regular education students enrolled as of October 1, 1997;
- All special education students whose IEP designate that they are in a specially designed, regular instructional program;
- All Limited English Proficient (LEP) students who were enrolled in and completed at least two full consecutive academic years in an English-speaking school (including kindergarten);
- Students in alternative programs or placements who are addressing regular curriculum standards; and
- All disabled students according to Section 504.

#### **Assessment Instruments**

Each teacher used one of the following types of assessment instruments:

- Basal reading test
- Informal reading inventory
- Computerized reading inventory
- Other standardized tests, such as norm-referenced tests, criterionreferenced tests, etc.

### Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Cards present school-level count and percent of students reading below, on, and above their grade levels for grades 2 and 3.

#### **Method of Calculation**

The formula used to compute the percents of students reading below, on, and above their grade levels is presented on the following page.

#### **Data Sources**

The Reading Level data is based on district-reported data submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education, Division of School Standards, Accountability and Assistance.

### Formula Used to Calculate Percent of Students Reading Below, On, and Above Their Grade Levels

# **Table 7a: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 2**

	199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	1995	5-96	199	6-97	1997	<b>7-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
	Percent	Number										
044001 Arabi Elementary School											·	
Students Assessed		~		٧		٧		٧		٧		35
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	14.29	5
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	62.86	22
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	22.86	8
044004 Borgnemouth Elementary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		70
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	64.29	45
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	27.14	19
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.57	6
044005 Carolyn Park School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		46
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.91	11
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	65.22	30
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	10.87	5
044008 Gauthier, J.F., School											-	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		99
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.38	38
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.41	41
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	20.20	20
044010 Lacoste Elementary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		94
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.51	8
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.30	36
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	53.19	50
044011 Meraux Elementary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		63
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	31.75	20
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.10	24
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	30.16	19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

# **Table 7a: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 2**

	199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995	5-96	1990	6-97	1997	<b>7-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
	Percent	Number										
044012 Millaudon Elementary School											,	
Students Assessed		~		?		~		~		?		91
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	24.18	22
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	51.65	47
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	24.18	22
044013 Rowley, C.F., School							_				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		98
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.47	23
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	57.14	56
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.39	19
044014 Roy, Sebastien, School					_						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		52
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	44.23	23
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.85	15
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.92	14
044016 St. Claude Heights School					r		r				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		76
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	14.47	11
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	47.37	36
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.16	29
District					F		r					
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		724
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.45	206
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	45.03	326
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.52	192
State (Public)					Г		ſ		1		F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		58,692
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		25,518
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		21,767
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.44	11,407

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

# **Table 7b: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 3**

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	<b>1-95</b>	1995	5-96	199	6-97	1997	<b>7-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044001 Arabi Elementary School											,	
Students Assessed		~		٧		~		٧		٧		37
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.11	3
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	83.78	31
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.11	3
044004 Borgnemouth Elementary School					-						F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		70
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.43	29
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	54.29	38
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.29	3
044005 Carolyn Park School					ı						-	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		76
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.74	15
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	75.00	57
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.26	4
044008 Gauthier, J.F., School					Г		i				F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		63
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	36.51	23
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	60.32	38
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	3.17	2
044010 Lacoste Elementary School	1				Г		ı				Г	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		96
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.38	9
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	77.08	74
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.54	13
044011 Meraux Elementary School					Г		,				Г	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		72
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.67	12
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	75.00	54
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.33	6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

# **Table 7b: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 3**

	199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	<b>-95</b>	1995	5-96	1990	5-97	1997	<b>7-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044012 Millaudon Elementary School					_						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		69
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.99	20
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	65.22	45
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.80	4
044013 Rowley, C.F., School					_						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		94
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	22.34	21
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	73.40	69
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.26	4
044014 Roy, Sebastien, School					_						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		46
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.91	11
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	67.39	31
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.70	4
044016 St. Claude Heights School					_						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		75
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.00	6
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	82.67	62
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.33	7
District											-	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		698
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	21.35	149
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	71.49	499
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	7.16	50
State (Public)	1						i		1		F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		56,800
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		21,585
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		23,989
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.76	11,226

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

Educational tests such as criterion-referenced tests (CRTs) are, in one form or another, tests of academic achievement based on a pre-stated set of standards.

The CRTs administered in this state are part of the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) and are administered in April of each year to public school students at specified grade levels. For the secondary level, the CRT is the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE).

These tests are administered to all students with the exception of special education students whose educational program is Alternative to Regular Placement (ARP). The Progress Profiles Program reports scores for all students taking the tests. This reflects the same reporting format used by the LEAP.

In Louisiana, CRTs provide a measure of the extent to which students meet state-established, grade-level skill requirements in the following subject areas:

- Grades 3 and 5—Language Arts and Mathematics,
- Grade 7—Language Arts and Mathematics, and
- Secondary Level (GEE)—English Language Arts, Mathematics, Written Composition, Science, and Social Studies.

### **Organization**

Tables 8a - 8c provide CRT Results for Grades 3, 5, and 7, respectively, while Table 8d provides GEE test results for first-time GEE test takers. The tables present CRT results for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*, with schools shown in school site code order. Also, comparison data are presented for the district and the state.

The tables reflect both the number of students taking the test and the percent of students who meet or exceed standards for the respective grade levels. Thus, the percent of students passing a specific test is the percent scoring at or above the performance standard that the state has set in that subject area.

### **Data Presentation:** School Report Cards

The 1997-98 School Report Cards present school, district, and state percent passing rates by grade level and subject area.

#### **Definition**

Criterion-referenced tests (CRTs)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in achieving an established criteria; LEAP CRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show the number and percent of Louisiana students who meet or exceed state curriculum content standards.

#### **Data Source**

The CRT indicator is based on student-level data tapes provided to the LDE by National Computer Systems, test contractor for the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP).

### Table 8a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3

		1992	2-93	1993	<b>3-94</b>	1994	-95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>1</sup>	1990	5-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044001	Arabi Elementary School												
	Language Arts	96	28	94	31	88	48	100	46	95	39	97	35
	Mathematics	96	28	87	31	98	48	98	46	97	39	91	35
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School												
	Language Arts	98	53	92	78	82	65	81	90	71	82	79	67
	Mathematics	100	53	97	78	84	64	81	90	73	81	79	67
044005	Car <u>olyn Park School</u>												
	Language Arts	96	56	92	65	93	74	92	62	91	57	84	73
	Mathematics	96	56	91	64	91	74	90	61	89	57	82	73
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School		,										
	Language Arts	89	62	99	67	83	64	84	77	85	89	89	63
	Mathematics	94	62	96	67	86	64	83	77	82	89	89	63
044010	Lacoste Elementary School		1										
	Language Arts	99	74	96	100	99	106	100	106	100	91	96	97
	Mathematics	99	74	98	101	98	106	99	106	97	91	94	97
044011	Meraux Elementary School		1										
	Language Arts	100	34	97	63	98	66	97	68	99	70	99	72
	Mathematics	97	34	95	62	100	66	97	68	99	70	99	72
044012	Millaudon Elementary School		1										
	Language Arts	96	45	94	51	89	64	82	68	89	73	92	66
	Mathematics	93	45	90	50	91	64	75	68	90	73	85	65
044013	Rowley, C.F., School		1										
	Language Arts	100	57	99	72	99	76	97	74	95	74	98	90
	Mathematics	100	57	97	72	99	76	96	74	93	73	96	89
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School		1										
	Language Arts	78	40	94	48	91	43	80	49	92	50	92	49
	Mathematics	72	39	85	48	79	43	65	49	94	49	90	49
044016	St. Claude Heights School		1										
	Language Arts	100	56		67	100	65	95	74	99	70	95	75
	Mathematics	98	56	97	67	100	66	95	75	97	70	93	75

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

### Table 8a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	199	4-95	199	<b>5-96</b> <sup>1</sup>	199	6-97	199'	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District													
	Language Arts	95	505	96	642	93	671	91	714	91	695	92	687
	Mathematics	95	504	94	640	93	671	89	714	90	692	90	685
State													
	Language Arts	91	56,847	91	57,518	90	55,985	90	58,218	91	56,926	90	56,711
	Mathematics	90	56,593	91	57,278	90	55,728	89	58,034	91	56,792	88	56,534

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

# **Table 8b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5**

		1992	2-93	1993	-94	1994-	95	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>1</sup>	1996	-97	1997	<b>'-98</b>
		Percent	Number	Percent	Vumber	Percent Ni	umber	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Vumber	Percent 1	Number
044001	Arabi Elementary School												
	Language Arts	97	35	88	34	86	29	97	37	92	39	89	35
	Mathematics	89	35	82	34	90	29	92	37	95	39	86	35
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School												
	Language Arts	94	84	100	82	98	44	84	67	77	60	79	73
	Mathematics	100	84	100	82	93	44	87	67	80	60	77	73
044005	Car <u>olyn Park School</u>					,							
	Language Arts	98	58	93	61	94	51	89	71	95	77	96	55
	Mathematics	93	58	97	61	96	51	93	71	95	77	89	55
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School												
	Language Arts	84	76	97	65	91	47	82	79	86	78	80	69
	Mathematics	89	76	98	65	94	47	89	79	92	78	94	69
044010	Lacoste Elementary School												
	Language Arts	97	118	94	115	97	88	98	112	95	118	96	102
	Mathematics	100	118	100	115	99	88	98	112	97	118	96	102
044011	Meraux Elementary School												
	Language Arts	91	68	96	53	97	33	92	60	96	81	97	61
	Mathematics	93	68	89	53	100	33	100	59	98	81	100	61
044012	Millaudon Elementary School												
	Language Arts	81	75	73	60	98	49	69	52	95	57	95	73
	Mathematics	71	76	90	59	96	49	62	52	98	57	92	73
044013	Rowley, C.F., School												
	Language Arts	93	99	100	68	93	45	95	98	96	77	99	78
	Mathematics	98	99	100	68	100	45	95	98	96	77	99	78
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School												
	Language Arts	88	43	83	35	95	44	93	56	83	42	87	39
	Mathematics	93	43	89	35	86	43	73	56	86	42	97	38
044016	St. Claude Heights School	1				-							
	Language Arts	93	54	100	51	96	55	96	85	99	67	95	82
	Mathematics	96	54	100	51	100	55	98	85	100	67	100	82

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

### Table 8b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5

		199	2-93	1993	3-94	199	4-95	199	<b>5-96</b> <sup>1</sup>	199	6-97	199'	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District													
	Language Arts	92	710	93	624	95	485	90	717	92	696	92	667
	Mathematics	93	711	96	623	96	484	90	716	94	696	93	666
State													
	Language Arts	90	55,817	90	54,975	90	53,644	87	59,292	87	57,617	85	55,793
	Mathematics	90	55,725	91	54,885	91	53,564	89	59,183	89	57,637	88	55,716

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

### Table 8c: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 7

		199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995	5-96 <sup>1</sup>	199	6-97	199'	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044002	Arabi Park Middle School												
	Language Arts	87	150	94	134	89	149	91	149	92	122	85	145
	Mathematics	89	149	88	134	85	147	83	149	86	123	79	144
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School		_										
	Language Arts	86	110	84	110	90	108	87	122	87	79	91	117
	Mathematics	79	110	73	108	78	108	78	120	78	77	79	117
044007	Chalmette Middle School												
	Language Arts	94	272	95	274	93	246	93	254	95	179	90	196
	Mathematics	81	272	87	274	90	246	88	253	84	179	86	196
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School		_										
	Language Arts	91	35	90	41	84	64	94	50	93	54	83	47
	Mathematics	77	35	83	41	78	64	82	50	76	54	85	46
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School												
	Language Arts	85	137	93	125	87	126	93	118	78	86	83	138
	Mathematics	65	137	80	125	62	126	84	116	71	86	74	138
District			1	1									
	Language Arts	89	704	92	684	90	693	92	693	89	533	86	653
	Mathematics	79	703	83	682	81	691	84	688	79	532	80	651
State													
	Language Arts	88	55,206	89	54,345	88	53,799	87	57,198	86	56,041	85	-
	Mathematics	83	55,018	83	54,272	82	53,599	79	56,798	80	55,823	79	57,055

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

### **Table 8d: Graduate Exit Examination (GEE) Results**

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	<b>4-95</b>	1995	<b>5-96</b> <sup>1</sup>	1990	6-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044006	Chalmette High School												
	Language Arts	96	169	95	194	90	182	93	192	83	218	94	183
	Mathematics	88	171	86	194	82	179	88	194	83	216	84	181
	Written Composition	92	168	93	192	99	177	96	196	98	208	97	181
	Science	96	163	94	171	93	154	86	169	90	179	85	193
	Social Studies	98	162	97	169	99	148	90	174	96	178	86	191
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School		1										
	Language Arts	97	227	97	237	98	212	93	234	95	244	97	253
	Mathematics	97	229	91	234	86	210	91	232	87	244	97	250
	Written Composition	99	226	98	228	100	206	98	228	98	239	98	250
	Science	96	209	94	204	98	209	97	195	93	223	96	211
	Social Studies	99	204	96	208	99	218	98	198	96	229	98	219
044015	St. Bernard High School												
	Language Arts	92	92	88	105	85	87	91	91	77	84	88	137
	Mathematics	86	96	87	105	83	87	88	90	80	86	74	133
	Written Composition	91	94	92	102	93	84	97	91	96	85	98	134
	Science	84	70	92	91	79	84	82	82	80	76	77	79
	Social Studies	96	69	92	91	93	85	93	83	95	79	97	79
District													
	Language Arts	96	488	95	536	93	481	93	517	87	550	94	581
	Mathematics	92	496	88	533	84	476	89	516	84	550	87	572
	Written Composition	95	488	95	522	98	467	97	515	98	534	98	571
	Science	94	442	94	466	93	447	90	446	90	478	89	487
	Social Studies	98	435	96	468	98	451	94	455	96	486	93	492
State			T										
	Language Arts	91	41,775	89	41,673	88	43,743	86	- , -	84	45,342	87	46,128
	Mathematics	83	41,697	79	41,603	80	43,654	77	45,381	77	45,307	76	46,004
	Written Composition	91	40,947	90	40,806	95	42,663	93	44,283	93	43,983	95	44,944
	Science	86	35,820	90	37,264	85	36,977	82	39,927	82	40,423	84	40,021
	Social Studies	90	35,778	90	37,230	90	36,998	90	39,989	88	40,407	88	39,891

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

The Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) utilizes norm-referenced tests (NRTs) for national student comparisons with Louisiana students. From 1988 to 1992, Louisiana's NRT was the *California Achievement Test (CAT)* Form F, and from 1993 to 1997, Louisiana's NRT was the CAT/5. In 1997, the Iowa Tests were adopted for first administration in the spring of 1998. At grades 4, 6, and 8, the *Iowa Tests of Basic Skills (ITBS)* were administered and at grades 9, 10, and 11, the *Iowa Tests of Educational Development (ITED)* were administered.

ITBS consists of thirteen tests in the subject areas of reading, language, mathematics, social studies, science, and sources of information. The Mathematics Computation test was administered only at grade 4; Mathematics Computation is not used to calculate the Math Total, Core Total, nor the Composite score. The *Iowa Tests of Basic Skills* Composite score is the average of the scores for Reading Total, Language Total, Mathematics Total, Social Studies, Science, and Sources of Information Total. The NRT data tables for grades 4, 6, and 8 in the *School Report Cards* and *District Composite Reports* are based on the Composite percentile rank of the average standard score.

ITED consists of seven tests: Vocabulary, Correctness and Appropriateness of Expression, Ability to Do Quantitative Thinking, Ability to Interpret Literacy Materials, Analysis of Social Studies Materials, Analysis of Science Materials, and Use of Sources of Information. The *Iowa Tests of Educational Development* Composite score is the average of the scores for the seven tests. The NRT data tables for grades 9, 10, and 11 in the *School Report Cards* and *District Composite Reports* are based on the Composite percentile rank of the average standard score.

These test are administered to all students with the exception of special education students whose educational program is Alternative to Regular Placement (ARP). Scores are reported for all students not requiring accommodations to the standardization administration procedures.

### **Organization**

Tables 9a to 9f present 1997-98 NRT results for grades 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 11, respectively. Test results are presented for all schools in the district receiving a *School Report Card*, with schools listed in site code order. District, state, and national results are presented for comparison purposes.

Data are grouped as follows:

- Quartile 4--the percent of students who scored in the top 25% of students in the national norm group. If 32 of 100 students scored this high, Quartile 4 would read 32 percent.
- *Quartile 3*--the percent of students who scored between the 50th and the 74th national percentiles.
- *Quartile 2--* the percent of students who scored between the 25th and 49th national percentiles.
- *Quartile 1*--the percent of students who scored between the 1st and 24th national percentiles.
- Percentile Rank of the Average Standard Score for the National Student Norms-- percentile rank of the average student in the school, district, or state. For example, a percentile rank of 48 for a school means that 48 percent of the students in the norm group scored at or below the average score obtained by the students in the school.

#### Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Cards present percentile rank of the average standard score for the national student norms at the school, district, and state levels.

### **Definition**

*Norm-referenced tests (NRTs)--* These tests produce scores that tell how schools/individuals perform in comparison with other schools/individuals; LEAP NRT results (as reported by the *Progress Profiles*) show how Louisiana schools perform when compared with the district, state, and nation.

### **Data Source**

The NRT indicator is based on student-level data provided to the Louisiana Department of Education by Riverside Publishing, test contractor for The Iowa Tests.

# Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
044001	Arabi Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	58.0
044004	Borgnemouth Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	2.9
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	7.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	73.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	20.0
044005	Car <u>olyn Park School</u>						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	7.5
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	43.4
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.6
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	38.0
044008	Gauthier, J.F., School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	14.5
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
044010	Lacoste Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.9
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	36.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	52.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
044011	Meraux Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.1
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	11.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	56.0
044012	Millaudon Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	6.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	34.0
044013	Rowley, C.F., School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.1
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	42.0
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	0.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.5
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	37.0
044016	St. Claude Heights School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	6.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	61.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.8
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	42.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
044002	Arabi Park Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.5
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.9
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	42.0
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	5.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	36.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	34.0
044007	Chalmette Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.1
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	12.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	56.0
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	14.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	43.0
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	7.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	37.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	43.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.5
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	<b>1997-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
044002	Arabi Park Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	2	2	2	2	9.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	43.0
044003	Beauregard, P.G.T., Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	6.9
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	41.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	33.0
044007	Chalmette Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	53.0
044014	Roy, Sebastien, School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	3.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	41.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	34.0
044017	Trist, N.P., Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	11.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	14.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	51.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	33.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	12.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.8
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	42.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9d: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 9

	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	<b>1997-98</b> <sup>1</sup>
Chalmette High School						
Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.6
Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.7
Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.9
First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.8
Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	47.0
Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School						
Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.5
Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.3
Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.3
First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.8
Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
St. Bernard High School						
Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	9.7
Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.7
Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	40.0
First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.7
Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	39.0
	Fourth Quartile Third Quartile Second Quartile First Quartile Percentile Rank  Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School Fourth Quartile Third Quartile Second Quartile First Quartile Percentile Rank  St. Bernard High School Fourth Quartile Third Quartile Second Quartile First Quartile First Quartile Third Quartile Second Quartile First Quartile	Chalmette High School  Fourth Quartile Third Quartile Second Quartile First Quartile Percentile Rank  A  Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School  Fourth Quartile Third Quartile Second Quartile First Quartile Fourth Quartile First Quartile Fourth Quartile Fourth Quartile Fourth Quartile Fourth Quartile First Quartile	Chalmette High School  Fourth Quartile  Third Quartile  Second Quartile  First Quartile  Percentile Rank  Fourth Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Second Quartile  First Quartile  Second Quartile  First Quartile  Percentile Rank  St. Bernard High School  Fourth Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Fourth Quartile  First Quartile  Third Quartile  First Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Third Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Fourth Quartile  Third Quartile  First Quartile  Second Quartile  First Quartile  First Quartile	Chalmette High School         -         -         -           Fourth Quartile         -         -         -           Second Quartile         -         -         -           First Quartile         -         -         -           Pourth Rank         -         -         -           Fourth Quartile         -         -         -           Fourth Quartile         -         -         -           Second Quartile         -         -         -           Percentile Rank         -         -         -           St. Bernard High School         -         -         -           Fourth Quartile         -         -         -           Second Quartile         -         -         -           First Quartile         -         -         -	Chalmette High School         -	Fourth Quartile

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9d: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 9

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.1
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	46.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.1
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	43.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9e: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
044006	Chalmette High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	12.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.1
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	43.0
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.4
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.6
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	53.0
044015	St. Bernard High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	6.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	45.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.8
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	39.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9e: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	46.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9f: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
044006	Chalmette High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	45.0
044009	Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	57.0
044015	St. Bernard High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	7.5
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	42.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Table 9f: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 <sup>1</sup>
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.9
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	45.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

<sup>~ =</sup> Unavailable Data

# Part 5. College Readiness

American College Test (ACT) Results	5-1
First-Time Freshmen Performance	5-3

Scores on the American College Test (ACT) are widely used as an indicator of student preparedness for college. Most Louisiana public colleges and universities require that entering students take the ACT for admissions or placement purposes.

## **Organization**

Table 10, American College Test (ACT) Results, presents average composite scores for graduating seniors for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. Schools are shown in school site code order. Comparison data are presented for the district (public schools only), the state (public and nonpublic schools combined), and the nation (public and nonpublic schools combined).

The ACT results shown include test scores for 1) twelfth graders who took the test in the current year and 2) twelfth graders who took the test as eleventh graders and elected not to retake it as seniors. If a student took the test in both the eleventh and twelfth grades, only the twelfth grade score has been included.

## Data Presentation: School Report Card

A college readiness indicator that includes ACT information is presented on the 1997-98 School Report Cards of those schools that have a twelfth grade. The School Report Cards present 1997-98 average ACT composite scores at the school, district, state, and national levels.

#### **Method of Calculation**

The ACT composite score is an average score based on the scores for the four ACT assessment tests (English, mathematics, reading, and science reasoning). The composite score, which ranges from 1 to 36, is a measure of the student's general educational development across these four subject areas.

#### **Data Source**

The ACT indicator is based on student-level data supplied to the LDE by the testing contractor, American College Testing.

#### References

Franklin, B.J., and Crone, L.J., (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.

LDE researchers have found the ACT performance of Louisiana students correlates highly with their performance on LEAP (CRT and NRT) tests. Further, those districts with the highest percentage of students taking the ACT have the highest ACT scores. This finding tends to dispute a widelyheld assumption that the higher the percentage of students taking the ACT, the lower the average score (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

# **Table 10: American College Test (ACT) Results**

# Average Composite Scores

	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
044006 Chalmette High School	18.5	18.9	18.2	18.2	18.8	19.1
044009 Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School	19.5	18.9	19.7	19.9	20.2	20.1
044015 St. Bernard High School	19.1	17.2	17.0	16.5	17.2	18.5
District (Public)	19.1	18.7	18.8	18.8	19.3	19.5
State (Public and Nonpublic)	19.5	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.5
Nation (Public and Nonpublic)	20.7	20.8	20.8	20.9	21.0	21.0

The number of freshmen who enroll in remedial courses during their first semester of college is one measure of the extent to which high school graduates are prepared for college.

Since 1987, the Louisiana Board of Regents has collected and reported information on the number of Louisiana high school graduates who enroll in Louisiana colleges and universities the following fall and enroll in remedial/developmental courses. The 1993 Legislature, believing that parents should have access to this information, enacted legislation mandating that this first-time college freshmen data be incorporated into the *Progress Profiles*.

## **Organization**

Table 11, First-time College Freshmen Performance, presents the number and percent of students who 1) graduated from *Report Card* schools and 2) enrolled as first-time freshmen during the following fall semester at any of the state's two- and four-year public and private universities. The table also reports the number and percent of first-time college freshmen who were enrolled in at least one remedial course during their first regular semester of college study.

## Data Presentation: School Report Card

The college readiness indicator that includes first-time college freshmen information is presented on the 1997-98 School Report Cards of schools that have a twelfth grade.

Note: The first-time college freshmen data reported on 1997-98 School Report Cards represent information on 1996-97 high school graduates.

#### **Definitions**

 First-time college freshman—a student who graduates from high school during a given school year and is enrolled full time in a Louisiana higher education institution the following fall semester. A student must begin the fall semester with fewer than 12 hours of credit previously attempted (not including advanced placement credits and correspondence study) to be considered a first-time freshman.

## Formula Used to Calculate First-time College Freshmen Percentages

Percent of High School Graduates Who
Were First-time College Freshmen = Number of First-time College Freshmen
Total Number of High School Graduates X 100

Percent of First-time College Freshmen
Who Enrolled in a Remedial Course = Number of First-time College Freshmen
Who Enrolled in a Remedial Course
Total Number of First-time College
Freshmen

- Graduate—a student who successfully completes a BESEapproved education program, passes the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), and thus earns a state-approved diploma. Students who earn GEDs are not included.
- Remedial course—a course designed by a university to prepare students to succeed academically in college-level courses. Remedial/developmental courses may be offered for college credit (i.e., they are taken into consideration in determining whether students are enrolled part time or full time) but do not carry degree credit.

#### **Method of Calculation**

The two formulas used in calculating the first-time college freshmen indicator are presented on the preceding page. The percent of high school graduates who become first-time college freshmen is calculated for public school graduates who attend in-state public colleges and universities.

#### **Data Sources**

The first-time college freshmen indicator is based on data submitted to the LDE by Louisiana public and private universities to LDE in compliance with La. R.S. 17:3912 (since repealed).

Table 11 First-time College Freshmen Performance

	1992-93 1993-94		1994-95 1995-96		1996-97		1997-98					
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
044006 Chalmette High School												
Number of High School Graduates <sup>1</sup>		200		161		195		200		175		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	28.00	56	50.31	81	36.41	71	29.50	59	30.86	54	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	55.36	31	58.02	47	45.07	32	49.15	29	53.70	29	~	~
044009 Jackson, Andrew, Fundamental High School									_			
Number of High School Graduates <sup>1</sup>		131		166		229		204		192		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	29.77	39	66.27	110	46.29	106	44.61	91	42.19	81	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	48.72	19	48.18	53	47.17	50	40.66	37	41.98	34	~	~
044015 St. Bernard High School									_			
Number of High School Graduates <sup>1</sup>		84		104		81		104		90		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	13.10	11	43.27	45	17.28	14	21.15	22	14.44	13	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	54.55	6	75.56	34	50.00	7	59.09	13	69.23	9	~	~
District (Public)									_			
Number of High School Graduates <sup>1</sup>		415		431		505		508		457		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	25.54	106	54.76	236	37.82	191	33.86	172	32.38	148	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	52.83	56	56.78	134	46.60	89	45.93	79	48.64	72	~	~
State (Public)									_			
Number of High School Graduates <sup>1</sup>		33,593		33,772		34,937		36,275		36,407		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	38.66	12,986	44.15	14,912	40.30	14,079	40.27	14,608	37.62	13,697	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	53.70	6,973	55.00	8,201	47.77	6,726	48.64	7,106	49.93	6,839	~	~

Represents graduates from the previous school year.
 Unavailable data

- aggregate days attendance—the sum of the total number of days that students are *present* at the school site over the course of the school year.
- aggregate days membership—the sum of the total number of days that students are *enrolled* (but not necessarily *present* at the school site) over the course of the school year.
- class—a grouping of children under the primary supervision and instruction of an individual teacher for all or part of the instructional day, as reported for purposes of the *Annual School Report* (ASR) and identifiable by a specific ASR course code.
- combination school category—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-12 range and is not described by any of the other school category definitions. These schools generally contain some grades in the K-6 range and grades in the 9-12 range. Examples would include grade configurations such as K-12, K-3, 9-12, 4-6, and 9-12.
- criterion-referenced test (CRT)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in achieving an established criterion; LEAP CRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show the number and percent of Louisiana students who meet or exceed state curriculum content standards.
- cumulative enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school- and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
- day of attendance—a student is considered in attendance when he or she 1) is physically present at a school site or is participating in an authorized school activity and 2) is under the supervision of authorized personnel. This definition extends to students who are homebound, assigned to and participating in drug rehabilitation programs that contain a state-approved education component, or participating in school-authorized field trips.
  - "Students who meet the above criteria and are present at the school site for 26-50% of the student's instructional day shall be credited with a half day's attendance. Those who meet the above

- criteria and are present for at least 51% of the student's instructional day are credited with a whole day's attendance. Students who are not physically present or who are participating for 25% or less of their instructional day will be considered absent for reporting purposes. Absences, whether excused or unexcused, shall be counted as an absence for reporting to the Department." (Bulletin 741)
- dropout—the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) defines a dropout as "an individual who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year, was not enrolled at the beginning of the current school year, has not graduated from high school or completed an approved educational program, and does not meet any of the following exclusive conditions: transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program; temporary absence due to suspension or school-approved illness; or death."
  - "For purposes of applying the dropout definition, the following definitions also apply:
  - 1. A school year is defined as the 12-month period of time beginning October 1 and ending September 30.
  - 2. An individual has graduated from high school or completed a state- or district-approved education program upon receipt of formal recognition from school authorities.
  - 3. A state or district approved program is one that leads to receipt of formal recognition from school authorities. It may include special education programs, home-based instruction, and school-sponsored secondary (but *NOT* adult) programs leading to a GED or some other certification differing from the regular diploma" (NCES, 1993).
- *elementary school category*—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-8 range, excludes grades in the 9-12 range, and does not fit the definition for middle/junior high.
- faculty—school-based instructional personnel. In addition to full-time classroom teachers, these individuals include principals, assistant

- principals, guidance counselors, librarians, and other instructional staff (provided they teach at least one course).
- first-time college freshman—a student who graduates from high school during a given school year and is enrolled full time in a Louisiana higher education institution the following fall semester. A student must begin the fall semester with fewer than 12 hours credit previously attempted (not including advanced placement credits and correspondence study) to be considered a first-time freshman.
- graduate—a student who successfully completes a BESE-approved education program, passes the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), and thus earns a state-approved diploma. Students who earn GEDs are not included.
- *high school category*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 6-12 range and includes grades in the 10-12 range, or any school that contains only grade 9.
- *in-school expulsion*—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a period of time specified by the LEA and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- *in-school suspension*—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a minimum of one complete school day and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- Percentile rank of average standard scores for national student norms—percentile rank of the average student in the school, district, or state. For example, a percentile rank of 48 for a school means that 48 percent of the students in the norm group scored at or below the average score obtained by the students in the school.
- *middle/junior high category*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 4-9 range, includes grades 7 or 8 and excludes grades in the K-3 and 10-12 ranges.

- norm-referenced test (NRT)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in comparison with other individuals/schools; LEAP NRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show how Louisiana schools perform when compared with the district, state, and nation.
- October 1 membership—total number of students enrolled in a school on October 1, which is operationally defined by NCES as the first day of the academic school year.
- *out-of-school expulsion*—removal (exit) of a student from school for a determined number of days with no provision of instructional services.
- out-of-school suspension—student is temporarily prohibited from participation in his/her usual placement within school with no provision of instructional service; only suspensions resulting in removal for at least one full day are included.
- percent of student attendance—the ratio of aggregate days student attendance to aggregate days membership.
- remedial course—a course designed by a university to prepare students to succeed academically in college-level courses. Remedial/developmental courses may be offered for college credit (i.e., they are taken into consideration in determining whether students are part-time or full-time) but do not carry degree credit.